

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL

FINANCIAL

REPORT



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Prepared by the Finance Department

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2008

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INTRODUCTION

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REPORT



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Prepared by the Finance Department



3600 WAKE FOREST ROAD P.O. BOX 28041 RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27611-8041

PHONE: 919.850.1606? FAX: 919.850.8952

November 11, 2008

To the Members of the Wake County Board of Education and the Citizens of Wake County, North Carolina:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Wake County Board of Education (Board) for the year ended June 30, 2008, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the Board issue annually a report on its financial position and activity and that an independent firm of certified public accountants will audit this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Board's activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The introductory section, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, a list of the Board's principal elected and appointed officials, and copies of the Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International. The financial section includes the management's discussion and analysis, government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditor's report on these financial statements and schedules. The statistical section, which is unaudited, includes data on financial trends, revenue capacity, and debt capacity, as well as demographic and economic information and operating information. Further discussion of the financial statements and financial standing of the Board can be found in the management's discussion and analysis. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the management's discussion and analysis and should be read in conjunction with it

The Board is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the U. S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, the report on compliance and on internal control, reports on compliance with requirements applicable to each major federal and state program, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in the single audit section of the comprehensive annual financial report.

WEBSITE: WWW.WCPSS.NET

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the Board. The members of the Board are elected by the public and corporately have decision-making authority. Although Wake County levies all taxes, the Board determines how the school system will spend the funds generated for schools. The County cannot modify the school system's budget nor is the County entitled to share in any surpluses or required to finance any deficits of the school system. For these reasons, the Board is not fiscally dependent on the County and therefore is recognized as a primary government, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Board also receives funding from state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of those funding entities. The Board does not have any component units, nor is it a component unit of any other entity.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The Wake County Public School System ("WCPSS") is one comprehensive school district serving the entire county; including Raleigh, Cary, Apex, Wendell, Fuquay-Varina, Garner, Knightdale, Rolesville, Wake Forest, Holly Springs, Morrisville, and Zebulon. The system was created through a merger of the former Wake County and Raleigh City public school systems in July 1976. For 2007-08 the school system was the 19th largest system in the nation and the largest in North Carolina. It served 134,002 students from kindergarten through 12th grade in 96 elementary schools, 30 middle schools, 23 high schools, and 4 special/optional schools.

At the helm of the school system are the Wake County Board of Education and the superintendent. The Board consists of nine members, elected in districts by the public, who serve four-year terms. The superintendent is selected by the Board and serves as chief executive officer of the system. The Board is responsible for setting policy, while the superintendent and his administrative team are charged with managing the operations of the school system.

A principal charged with the responsibility of the total school operations administers each individual school. Appropriate instructional and support personnel based on pupil enrollment staff the schools. The school principal and faculty work cooperatively with instructional specialists and central administrative staff in developing and implementing effective instructional programs.

The school system has over 17,500 full-time and part-time employees and is the second largest employer in the Raleigh-Durham area. The system has over 9,000 regular classroom teachers, not including media specialists, counselors, psychologists, etc., and allots regular classroom teachers at a teacher/student ratio of 1:18 for kindergarten and grades 1-3, 1:22 for grades 4-6, 1:21 for grades 7-8, 1:24.5 for grade 9 and 1:26.64 for grades 10-12. Most students are assigned to and attend their "base school" -- the school assigned based on the parent's or guardian's home address. In some instances, the base school may be a magnet school since these schools have base populations in addition to accepting applications. Transportation is provided for students living at least 1-½ miles from the base school. For the magnet program, the same guidelines apply if the child is accepted into the program.

Thirty-one of the school system's 153 schools are magnet schools, which offer unique educational alternatives. All students are eligible to apply, and the network features the following distinct programs: creative arts and science; international studies; gifted and talented; gifted and talented/AG basics; Montessori; museum; early college; leadership; IB Programme; GT/IB center for humanities, sciences, and the arts; university connections and leadership;

active learning and technology; center for Spanish language; and center for leadership and technology. The magnet network was established 25 years ago to offer a choice in instructional opportunities, to fill inner-city schools, and to help balance schools. The program has proven to be highly successful and contributes to Wake County's stature as a leader in education.

The recurring publicity of Wake County as one of the most desired places to live and work in the United States, as evidenced by various publications and polls has continued to turn the spotlight on quality of life enjoyed by Wake County citizens. While quality of life is an intangible asset, there are also many tangible attributes that we can point to in explaining the County's attractiveness.

Chartered in 1771, Wake County covers an area of 864 square miles and is the second most populous county in the state. Twelve municipalities reside in Wake County including Raleigh, the county seat and state capital. A unique mix of urban and rural areas with small towns distinguishes Wake County from other counties in the state and provides something for everyone in choosing a lifestyle. Located in the north central section of the state on the piedmont plateau, Wake County is approximately half way between Washington, D. C., and Atlanta. As well as being a part of that major industrial corridor, Wake County is also convenient to the recreation of the beautiful North Carolina mountains and serene North Carolina beaches. The County's topography is characterized by low rolling hills in the northwest changing gradually to level land in the southeast. The central North Carolina climate is relatively mild with moderate winters and warm summers. The location, geography, and climate make Wake County an enjoyable place to live and work while also contributing significantly to the economic viability of the region.

The economy of the area is stabilized by the presence of state and local government employment markets, the college and university employment markets, and the Research Triangle Park research facilities, all of which offer substantial employment opportunities to the County's population. No major specialized industry dominates the economy of the County.

The Research Triangle Park, straddled on the Wake and Durham County line, was organized in 1959. It encompasses 6,800 acres of land set aside for research and research-oriented manufacturing. With the attractiveness of the Research Triangle Park and its proximity to three major research universities, it is no accident that medical and electronic industries flourish in the region.

The quantity and quality of the instructional programs of the school system are directly dependent on the funding provided and on effective management and efficient use of those funds. We recognize the important trust and responsibility we are given in the management of public resources and continue to be vigilant and trustworthy in fulfilling that responsibility. During the last several years we have aggressively pursued ways to reduce costs and improve efficiency by limiting administrative overtime, restricting special projects that cross fiscal years, and implementing workers' compensation and dental self-insurance. Such efforts have allowed the school system to end the 2007-08 fiscal year in a strong financial position. We believe that continuation of these financial management practices coupled with appropriate planning should result in continued strong financial position and provide appropriate fiscal accountability to the public and continued improvement of programs and outcomes for our students.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Wake County Public School System Board Goal and Strategies

In November of 2003, the Wake County Board of Education adopted Goal 2008 to sustain academic growth for Wake County's elementary, middle, and high school students.

Goal 2008 states, "Wake County Public School System is committed to academic excellence. By 2008, 95% of students in grades 3 through 12 will be at or above grade level as measured by NC EOG or EOC tests, and all student groups will demonstrate high growth."

In pursuit of this goal, we will:

- Increase challenging educational opportunities for all students.
- Increase student participation and success in advanced classes at the high school level.
- Increase the percent of 9th grade students graduating from high school within four years.
- Recruit, develop, support, and retain a highly qualified workforce to ensure student success.
- Identify and seek resources necessary to support student success.
- Build a consensus of support through community collaboration.

In a spirit of openness, integrity, and accountability, WCPSS is committed to active communication and collaboration with parents and a demanding, caring community.

The Board establishes a strategic plan and goals for the Superintendent based on the system goals. The Superintendent and his executive staff assess system performance annually based on the strategies developed by the Board. The basis for the strategies are the gaps between the current performance and desired future results.

Fund Balance Policy

In December 2007, the Board of Education adopted an undesignated fund balance policy. The policy provides formal guidelines to the Board on amounts of undesignated fund balance to accumulate, amounts it can appropriate to a future year's budget, and how to manage possible funds that accumulate in excess of targets. The policy states that the goal of the Board is to maintain an undesignated fund balance in the general fund of six percent of the following year's county appropriation. The new policy directs that undesignated fund balance in the general fund exceeding six percent be remitted to the county. This allows the school system to be fiscally responsible with spending patterns while maintaining a limited fund balance. As part of this policy, the Board will designate fund balance to balance the general fund budget at no more than fifty percent of the prior year's undesignated fund balance. This action provides protection against decreasing resources in a year where funding may be insufficient or emergencies occur.

Building Program

In November of 2006, the citizens of Wake County voted to approve CIP 2006 to meet space requirements for students of this school system. The school system's building program continues to be a high priority of the Board of Education with over 5,900 new students last year, and a projected enrollment of 154,000 students by the 2010-11 school year. The plan includes 17 new schools, 13 major renovations, land and design start-up costs for another 13 schools,

life-cycle replacements (air conditioning systems, roofs, etc.) at more than 100 schools, relocating and adding mobile classrooms, and program management and contingency funds.

SAT Scores

The average combined Scholastic Assessment Test (SAT) score for Wake County Public School System seniors was 1,565. This is two points higher than the combined score for 2006-07.

Participation of the Wake County Public School System was 73 percent. National participation was 45 percent and the state participation rate was 63 percent.

Wake's score was 76 points above the North Carolina average of 1,489 and 54 points above the national average of 1,511. Wake students scored an average of 541 on math, 518 on critical reading and 506 on writing.

Curriculum Management Audit

In January 2007, the Superintendent called for a comprehensive independent curriculum management audit. The goal was to have the district's core business, teaching and learning, reviewed by an objective, outside organization with an eye towards improving an already excellent school system.

The independent examination included three data sources: documents, interviews and site visits. These were gathered and corroborated to reveal the extent to which the school district is meeting the five key standards of governance and control (policy), direction and learner expectation, connectivity and consistency (alignment of programs), assessment and feedback (use of data to drive decisions), and productivity and efficiency.

On September 4, 2007, the auditors presented their findings to the Board, including 8 recommendations and 117 action items. The eight recommendation areas are opportunity, consistency, governance, management, evaluation, budgeting, instruction and organization. The 117 action items fall in these eight areas with 47 of the action items for the Board and 70 action items for the staff.

In response to the audit, teams of school system employees were created to address each of the eight recommendations. Some of the changes can and have been made quickly, while others will take years to fully implement. Each quarter, the Chief Academic Officer gives a report on the process to the school board.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The cost of public education in North Carolina is financed primarily by the state, which establishes minimum programs. Local funds, in varying amounts by district, supplement the basic program and are appropriated by local boards of county commissioners. Local boards of education in North Carolina have no tax levying or borrowing authority and are required to maintain accounting records in a uniform format.

The management of the school system is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the school system are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally

accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the school system is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the school system's internal auditor.

The North Carolina School Budget and Fiscal Control Act mandates a uniform budget format and the adoption of an annual balanced budget resolution by July 1 each year. Budgets are adopted for all governmental funds and the proprietary funds. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget and in funds provided by the federal, state, and local governments. The final budget, as amended for the fiscal year, is reflected in the financial section.

The school system also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, outstanding encumbrances considered to be continuing contracts are generally re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the school system continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested primarily in the North Carolina Voluntary Short-Term Investment Fund. Investments were also made in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust and in commercial paper. In addition, other bank accounts that the school system maintains also earn interest. The average yield on investments in the North Carolina Voluntary Short-Term Investment Fund was 5.11 percent during fiscal 2008. Total interest earned during the year was \$4,604,942. The June 30, 2008 yield for U. S. Treasury bills and U. S. Treasury notes were 1.87 and 1.90 percent, respectively.

The statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the United States; obligations of any agency of the United States if payment of interest and principal of such obligations is fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government public authority, subject to certain restrictions; shares of any savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state and shares in any federal savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state, to the extent that the investment is fully insured by the United States or an agency thereof or by any mutual deposit guaranty association authorized by the state; certain other federal agencies; and any form of investment allowed by law to the state treasurer.

Risk Management

Since the Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, the

Board maintains a comprehensive risk management plan. The plan consists primarily of coverage from third parties, in addition to loss prevention and loss reduction programs through a comprehensive safety program.

The Board was approved effective August 1, 2002, as a qualified self-insurer for workers' compensation coverage (utilizing Key Risk Management Services as third-party claims administrator) up to statutory limits for employees to the extent they are paid from federal, local, and enterprise funds with a self-insured retention of \$.4 million per person with \$2.0 million aggregate and an employer's liability limit of \$1 million. Key Risk Management Services is the current third-party administrator of the NC State Board of Education Self-insured Workers' Compensation Program. The state provides workers' compensation coverage for employees paid from state funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (Fund), a voluntary, self-funded risk financing pool administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. The Fund provides property coverage up to \$25 million per location annually and is reinsured for losses in excess of \$10 million per occurrence and \$20.5 million aggregate annually.

The Board maintains comprehensive general liability of \$1 million per occurrence, errors and omissions insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, and \$1 million vehicle liability and physical damage coverage through commercial insurance carriers. Additional liability coverage is provided by a \$1 million umbrella policy and vehicle policy, and with \$500 physical damage deductible, boiler and machinery, and musical instruments coverage through the Fund. Public employee dishonesty, and public officials dishonesty are covered under separate commercial policies. The total insurable value of the school system's buildings and contents was \$2,532,204,114 as of June 30, 2008.

We believe that the Board carries adequate commercial coverage for all other known risks of loss. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. Taken together, these coverages provide the Board with a comprehensive risk management program which management believes adequately meets the needs of the school system.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P., was selected by the Board. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, as required by the U. S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, and the North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act. The auditors conducted the engagement in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and used the standards set forth in the United States Government Accountability Office's Government Auditing Standards. The auditor's report on the general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) awarded Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to

the Board for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2007. That year was the nineteenth consecutive year that the Board received these prestigious awards. In order to be awarded Certificates of Achievement, the Board published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificates of Achievement are valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the requirements for the Certificates of Achievement, and we are submitting it to the GFOA and ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the Board also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual appropriated budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007. This year was the fifteenth consecutive year for which the Board received this prestigious award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Board's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning, and organization.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report and to the Board's independent certified public accountants, Cherry, Bekaert & Holland, L.L.P., for their assistance. The contributions of all are invaluable and sincerely appreciated and clearly reflect the high standards that we have set for ourselves.

We would also like to express our appreciation to the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the school system in a responsible and dedicated manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Del Burns, Ed.D. Superintendent

David Neter

Chief Business Officer

While B Water

Mark Winters Finance Officer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Wake County
Board of Education
North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Olme S. Cox

President

Executive Director





This Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Upon recommendation of the Association's Panel of Review which has judged that the Report substantially conforms to principles and standards of ASBO's Certificate of Excellence Program

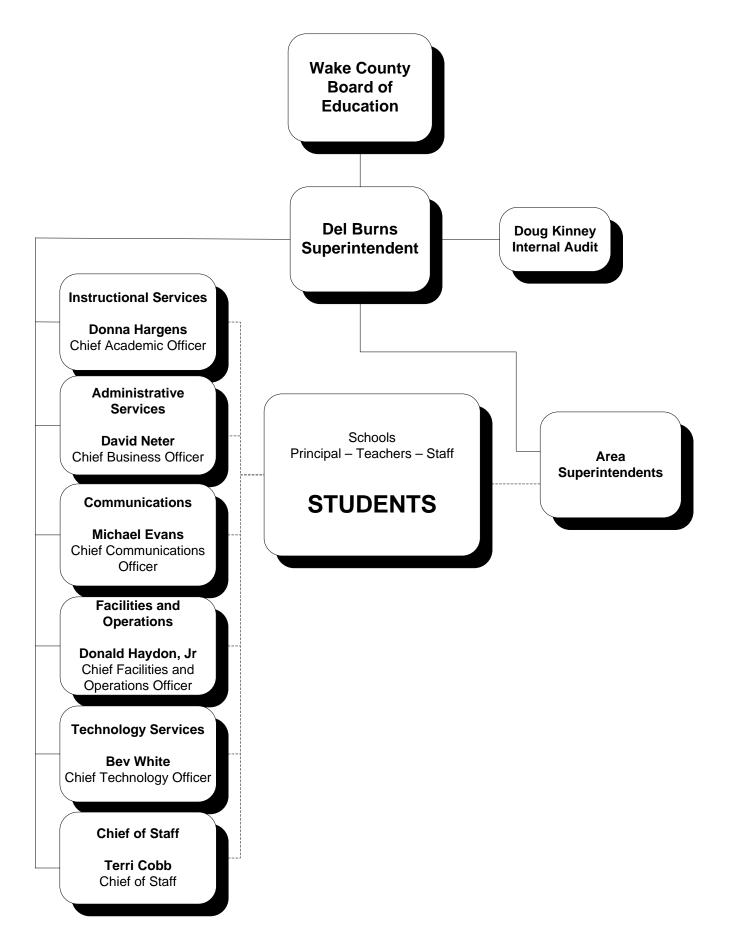
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John D. Museo

Executive Director

President

Organizational Chart



Board of Education and Leadership Team



Rosa Gill (District 4) Chair



Beverly Clark (District 6) Vice Chair



Lori Millberg (District 1)



Horace Tart (District 2)



Kevin Hill (District 3)



Anne McLaurin (District 5)



Patti Head (District 7)



Ron Margiotta (District 8)



Eleanor Goette (District 9)



Dr. Del BurnsSuperintendent

Leadership Team
Dr. Del Burns, Ed. D., Superintendent

Chief Officers

David Neter, Chief Business Officer
Terri Cobb, Chief of Staff
Donna Hargens, Chief - Student Support Services
Michael Evans, Chief - Communuations
Donald Haydon Jr., Chief - Facilities and Operations
Beverly White, Chief - Technology Services

Finance

Mark Winters, Finance Officer

Area Superintendents

Danny Barnes - Eastern Wake County Lloyd Garder - Southern Wake County Ann Hooker - Northern Wake County Julye Mizelle - South Central Wake County Jonibel Willis - Central Wake County Kathy Chontos - Western Wake County

Assistant Superintendents

Maurice Boswell - Human Resources Mike Burriss - Facilities and Operations Chuck Dulaney - Growth and Planning Marvin Connelly - Student Support Services David Holzkom - Evaluation and Research

FINANCIAL SECTION

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REPORT



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Prepared by the Finance Department



Independent Auditors' Report

Wake County Board of Education Raleigh, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wake County Board of Education ("the Board") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing_Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the State Public School Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2008 on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope or our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion thereon.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Board. The supplementary information and combining and individual fund statements and schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards for the year ended June 30, 2008 as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit_Organizations,* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures in our audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

CHERRY, BEKAERT & HOLLAND, L.L.P.

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Raleigh, North Carolina November 11, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Wake County Board of Education's (the Board) financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2008. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The Board enjoyed an increased enrollment of 5,932 students (or 4.6%) from the previous year.
- The assets of the Board exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$2,181,405,927.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$250,589,762 primarily due to increased capital assets in the Governmental Activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Board's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$50,528,623, a decrease of \$1,204,046 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55.8 percent of this total amount, or \$28,222,172, is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Board consists of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Supplemental information that presents combining and budgetary statements for non-major governmental and enterprise funds

The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first are the government-wide statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. The statement of net assets includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second type of statements included in the basic financial statements are the fund financial statements, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit, while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Board as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the Board's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the Board's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The Board's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and state and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. Child nutrition and tuition programs are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Board as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund
- The Board established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Direct Federal Grants Fund.

The Wake County Board of Education has two types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the

Capital Projects Fund, Direct Grants Fund and the State Administered Federal Grants Fund. The governmental fund statements are shown on pages thirteen through sixteen of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same basis of accounting as the government-wide statements – full accrual. The Wake County Board of Education has two proprietary funds – all enterprise funds – the Child Nutrition Fund, and the Tuition Programs Fund.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net assets is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets for governmental activities exceeded liabilities by approximately \$2,157,049,000 as of June 30, 2008. The largest component of net assets is invested in capital assets, net of related debt, of approximately \$2,163,063,000.

Following is a summary of the Statements of Net Assets (in thousands):

Condensed Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities	Total			
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 149,682 2,163,315	\$ 125,353 1,908,234	\$ 21,269 6,896	\$ 21,102 6,602	\$ 170,951 2,170,211	\$ 146,455 1,914,836		
Total assets	2,312,997	2,033,587	28,165	27,704	2,341,162	2,061,291		
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	16,446 139,502	12,936 114,512	373 3,435	728 2,299	16,819 142,937	13,664 116,811		
Total liabilities	155,948	127,448	3,808	3,027	159,756	130,475		
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	2,163,063 8,523 (14,537) \$ 2,157,049	1,906,572 8,203 (8,636) \$ 1,906,139	6,895 - 17,462 \$ 24,357	6,601 - 18,076 \$ 24,677	2,169,958 8,523 2,925 \$ 2,181,406	1,913,173 8,203 9,440 \$ 1,930,816		

Note that net assets for governmental activities increased by approximately \$250,910,000 during the year, indicating an improvement in the financial condition of the unit. The increase in net assets was due largely to the increase in capital assets in the governmental activities due to the new school construction. Also note that the Board carries capital assets for which Wake County carries the offsetting debt.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current and previous fiscal year (in thousands):

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 853	\$ 910	\$ 31,863	\$ 30,827	\$ 32,716	\$ 31,737	
Operating grants and contributions	756,604	688,176	19,628	17,396	776,232	705,572	
Capital grants and contributions General Revenues:	7,388	3,441	-	-	7,388	3,441	
Unrestricted county appropriations -							
operating	296,965	274,229		_	296,965	274,229	
Unrestricted county appropriations -	290,903	214,229	-	-	290,903	214,229	
capital	280,961	227,836	_	_	280,961	227,836	
Unrestricted state appropriations-	200,501	221,000			200,301	221,000	
capital	14,853			_	14,853	_	
Other	11,721	9,887	918	883	12,639	10,770	
Total revenues	1,369,345	1,204,479	52,409	49,106	1,421,754	1,253,585	
Total Teverides	1,000,040	1,204,475	02,400	40,100	1,721,707	1,200,000	
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instructional services	852,323	-	-	-	852,323	-	
System-wide support services	224,697	-	-	-	224,697	-	
Ancillary services	254	-	-	-	254	-	
Nonprogram charges	9,743	-	-	-	9,743	-	
Depreciation	30,404	-	-	-	30,404	-	
Instruction	-	709,747	-	-	-	709,747	
Pupil and instructional services	-	15,061	-	-	-	15,061	
Administration and business	-	225,043	-	-	-	225,043	
Other	-	65,093	-	-	-	65,093	
Business-type activities:							
Food services	-	-	45,846	40,130	45,846	40,130	
Tuition programs	-	-	7,897	7,777	7,897	7,777	
Total expenses	1,117,421	1,014,944	53,743	47,907	1,171,164	1,062,851	
Increase in net assets before transfers	251,924	189,535	(1,334)	1,199	250,590	190,734	
Transfers	(1,014)	(4,566)	1,014	4,566	200,000	130,734	
Increase in net assets after transfers	250,910	184,969	(320)	5,765	250,590	190,734	
morodoo minot doodo andi transfere	200,010	101,000	(020)	0,700	200,000	100,701	
Net assets, July 1	1,906,139	1,721,170	24,677	18,912	1,930,816	1,740,082	
Net assets, June 30	\$ 2,157,049	\$ 1,906,139	\$ 24,357	\$ 24,677	\$ 2,181,406	\$ 1,930,816	

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$1.4 billion while expenses in this category totaled \$1.1 billion. The increase in governmental activities revenues and expenses was due to increase in state funding and county appropriation and capital funding based on the increased enrollment that the Board is experiencing. The increase in net assets stands at \$250.9 million. This is mainly due to the increase in capital assets from our building program.

Business-type activities generated revenue of \$52.4 million and had expenses of \$53.7 million. Business-type revenues increased due to the increase in USDA grants; however, expenditures increased due to increases in food costs and salary costs. This resulted in the decrease of net assets for business-type of \$320 thousand.

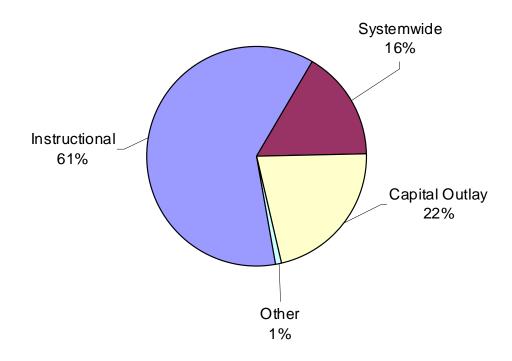
Due to significant changes in function-level expenses coding classification in Governmental Activities during the year, comparisons cannot be made between purpose-level expenses for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$50,528,623, a \$1,204,046 decrease over last year. Three sources of funding increased over the prior year: State funding increased approximately \$84.2 million and County funding increased by \$75.7 million. Both increases were due mainly to the building program and growth of the system. Federal funding increased by \$727 thousand with the award of the magnet grant.

The total fund balance in the general fund decreased by \$3,311,869. The underlying reason for this decrease is the Board's decision to appropriate fund balance to balance the 2007-08 budget. The undesignated fund balance in the general fund increased to \$17,331,201. This level of undesignated fund balance equals 5.2 percent of the general fund budget (\$334,154,896) and 1.5 percent of the total operating budget (state, local funds, grant, and enterprise \$1,177,649,388). The Board appropriated \$7.5 million from fund balance to support the 2008-09 budget. The total fund balance in the capital projects fund increased by \$1,788,014, and the undesignated fund balance increased to \$2,367,719. These increases were due to the additional funding in the capital projects fund and the efforts of the school system to contain costs.

Categorization of Expenditures for Governmental Funds (Presented on the Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



The Board's business-type funds reflected a total net loss of \$319,801. The Child Nutrition Program reflected a decrease in net assets over the last year of \$1,786,719. This was due to the increase in food costs. Tuition Programs reflected an increase in net assets over last year of \$1,466,918. This was due to the increased participation in the tuition programs.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases and decreases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the general fund decreased revenues by approximately \$23,000,000. This was mainly due to the movement of textbooks to the State Public School Fund and all self-supporting grants to the direct grant fund.

Capital Assets

The Board's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008, totals \$2,170,210,270 (net of accumulated depreciation). The following is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation at year-end (in thousands).

Summary of Capital Assets June 30, 2008 and 2007

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total		
	2008		2008 2007			2008	200)7		2008		2007
Land	\$	96,807	\$	82,162	\$	-	\$ -		\$	96,807	\$	82,162
Land Improvements		2,119		1,339		-	-			2,119		1,339
Buildings		1,134,991		1,105,839		-	-			1,134,991		1,105,839
Equipment		6,930		6,691		6,625	6,3	391		13,555		13,082
Vehicles		14,371		16,735		271	2	211		14,642		16,946
Construction in progress		908,097		695,468		-				908,097		695,468
Total	\$	2,163,315	\$	1,908,234	\$	6,896	\$ 6,6	802	\$	2,170,211	\$	1,914,836

More detailed information on the Board's capital assets is contained on pages 32 through 33 in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Outstanding

During the year the Board's outstanding government-type debt increased by \$3,053,933 and the business-type activities debt increased by \$195,329. Both increases were primarily due to the increase in compensated absences. More detailed information on the Board's outstanding debt is contained on page 38 of the notes to the financial statements. The county holds virtually all debt issued for school capital construction.

Economic Factors

The Board continues to anticipate an increased enrollment over the next several years and will need continued increases in classroom space, teachers, and equipment. County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the school district.

- The County's unemployment rate was 4.8 percent at June 30, 2008, compared with 3.9% at the end of the previous fiscal year.
- The total assessed value of property in the County increased to \$83.1 billion for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, a 5.4 percent increase over the prior fiscal year.
- Sales tax collections increased to \$156 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 from \$150 million in the prior fiscal year, a 4.2% increase.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of the Wake County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Mark Winters, Finance Officer Wake County Board of Education 3600 Wake Forest Road Raleigh, NC 27611



WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,064,195	\$ 18,343,635	\$ 96,407,830
Due from other governments		64,978,319	1,230,873	66,209,192
Internal balances		(171,886)	171,886	-
Receivables		2,399,188	135,146	2,534,334
Inventory and prepaid expenses		4,412,758	1,387,361	5,800,119
Total current assets		149,682,574	21,268,901	 170,951,475
Noncurrent assets:				
Land and construction in progress	1	1,004,904,398	-	1,004,904,398
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1	1,158,410,297	6,895,575	1,165,305,872
,		2,163,314,695	6,895,575	2,170,210,270
TOTAL ASSETS	2	2,312,997,269	 28,164,476	 2,341,161,745
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Salaries and benefits payable		15,201,588	1,658,314	16,859,902
Accounts payable		80,605,086	1,175,872	81,780,958
Unearned revenue		2,679,176	-	2,679,176
Current portion of long-term obligations		41,017,125	600,000	41,617,125
Total current liabilities		139,502,975	3,434,186	142,937,161
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		16,445,792	 372,865	 16,818,657
TOTAL LIABILITIES		155,948,767	3,807,051	159,755,818
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	2	2,163,062,885	6,895,575	2,169,958,460
Individual school activities		8,523,252	_	8,523,252
Unrestricted		(14,537,635)	17,461,850	2,924,215
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 2	2,157,048,502	\$ 24,357,425	\$ 2,181,405,927

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Program Revenues					
						Operating		Capital
			(Charges for		Grants and	G	Frants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	(Contributions	Co	ontributions
Governmental activities:		•						
Instructional programs:								
Regular	\$	499,787,125	\$	805,693	\$	412,726,823	\$	-
Special populations		154,036,707		-		126,901,013		-
Alternative programs and services		51,795,462		-		38,813,858		-
School leadership		60,295,993		-		35,861,449		-
Co-curricular		19,897,732		-		13,412,861		-
School-based support services		66,510,312		-		51,464,922		-
Systemwide support services		, ,				, ,		
Support and development		10,788,721		-		6,246,493		-
Special populations support and		, ,				, ,		
development		6,095,269		-		2,176,900		-
Alternative programs and services		, ,				, ,		
support and development		2,001,281		-		970,126		-
Technology support		26,328,759		-		1,474,269		-
Operational support		148,183,392		47,410		63,941,390		7,387,758
Financial and human resource		16,757,435		-		789,839		-
Accountability		2,147,180		-		67,395		-
Systemwide pupil support		3,844,828		-		390,127		-
Policy, leadership and public relations		8,550,793		-		1,112,953		-
Ancillary services		253,544		-		253,224		-
Nonprogram charges		9,742,580		-		-		-
Depreciation - unallocated *		30,404,042		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		1,117,421,155		853,103		756,603,642		7,387,758
Business-type activities:								
Food services		45,846,155		22,800,190		19,628,148		_
Tuition programs		7,897,470		9,063,099		-		_
1 0						10 620 140		
Total business-type activities	_	53,743,625	_	31,863,289	_	19,628,148	_	
Total school district	\$	1,171,164,780	\$	32,716,392	\$	776,231,790	\$	7,387,758

General Revenues

Unrestricted county appropriations - operating Unrestricted county appropriations - capital Unrestricted state appropriations - capital Investment earnings, unrestricted Miscellaneous, unrestricted

Transfer

Subtotal, general revenues and transfers

Changes in Net Assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	and C	naı	nges in Net As	sets			
	_		Business-				
(Governmental		Туре				
	Activities		Activities	Total			
\$	(86,254,609)			\$	(86,254,609)		
	(27,135,694)				(27,135,694)		
	(12,981,604)				(12,981,604)		
	(24,434,544)				(24,434,544)		
	(6,484,871)				(6,484,871)		
	(15,045,390)				(15,045,390)		
	(15,045,390)				(13,043,390)		
	(4,542,228)				(4,542,228)		
	(3,918,369)				(3,918,369)		
	(1,031,155)				(1,031,155)		
	(24,854,490)				(24,854,490)		
	(76,806,834)				(76,806,834)		
	(15,967,596)				(15,967,596)		
	(2,079,785)			(2,079,78			
	(3,454,701)			(3,454,70			
	(7,437,840)			(7,437,840			
	(320) (9,742,580)				(320) (9,742,580)		
	(30,404,042)				(30,404,042)		
	(352,576,652)				(352,576,652)		
		\$	(3,417,817)		(3,417,817)		
		_	1,165,629		1,165,629		
			(2,252,188)		(2,252,188)		
	(352,576,652)		(2,252,188)		(354,828,840)		
	000 004 700				000 004 700		
	296,964,799		-		296,964,799		
	280,960,672		-		280,960,672		
	14,853,397		-		14,853,397		
	3,686,700		918,242		4,604,942		
	8,034,792		-		8,034,792		
	(1,014,145)		1,014,145		-		
	603,486,215		1,932,387		605,418,602		
	250,909,563		(319,801)		250,589,762		
	1,906,138,939		24,677,226		1,930,816,165		
\$	2,157,048,502	\$	24,357,425	\$	2,181,405,927		



WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General Fund	State Public School Fund	Individual Schools Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventories	\$ 47,128,530 779,475 1,365,145 56,036 3,744,657	\$ 4,527,771 10,393,950 2,051 8,154	\$ 9,406,673 41,131 - -	\$ 15,207,769 52,988,849 - - -	\$ 1,793,452 774,914 1,031,992 9,146	\$ 78,064,195 64,978,319 2,399,188 73,336 3,744,657
Total assets	\$ 53,073,843	\$ 14,931,926	\$ 9,447,804	\$ 68,196,618	\$ 3,609,504	\$ 149,259,695
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Salaries and benefits payable Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues Total liabilities	\$ 4,498,645 11,407,915 17,300 133,342 16,057,202	\$ 10,120,163 4,810,459 1,304 - 14,931,926	\$ - 729,769 194,783 - 924,552	\$ - 63,181,177 17,168 9,543 63,207,888	\$ 582,780 475,766 14,667 2,536,291 3,609,504	\$ 15,201,588 80,605,086 245,222 2,679,176 98,731,072
Fund balances:						
Reserved for: Inventories Encumbrances By state statute Special projects	3,744,657 - 2,144,620 1,082,014	- - - -	- - -	- 111,964 - 320,947	- - -	3,744,657 111,964 2,144,620 1,402,961
Restricted contributions Self-insurance	- 4,424,855	- -	- -	2,188,100 -	- -	2,188,100 4,424,855
Unreserved: Designated for flexible benefits plan Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated	789,294 7,500,000 17,331,201	-	- - 8,523,252	- - 2,367,719	-	789,294 7,500,000 28,222,172
Total fund balances	37,016,641		8,523,252	4,988,730		50,528,623
Total liabilities and fund balances		¢ 14.031.036			\$ 3,609,504	30,320,023
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 53,073,843	\$ 14,931,926	\$ 9,447,804	\$ 68,196,618	\$ 3,609,504	
			al activities are no s in governmental	ot financial resourc I funds.	es and	2,163,314,695
	Prepaid expense an expenditure ir	668,101				
	Long-term liabilit therefore are not at year-end cons					
		Installment Purcl			(223,018)	(57,462,917)
	Total net assets	- governmental ac	tivities			\$ 2,157,048,502

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General Fund	State Public School Fund			Individual chools Fund
REVENUES:		-			
County	\$ 296,964,799	\$	-	\$	-
State	-		689,966,461	·	-
Federal	200,908		-		-
Other Local	16,392,389		-		13,369,137
Total Revenues	313,558,096		689,966,461		13,369,137
EXPENDITURES:					
Current operations:					
Instructional services:					
Regular	88,276,638		408,014,229		-
Special populations	24,558,202		101,546,970		-
Alternative programs and services	12,027,999		23,852,527		-
School leadership	24,706,858		35,854,205		-
Co-curricular	6,867,257		-		12,980,283
School-based support services	12,728,479		49,042,617		-
Systemwide support services	12,720, 170		10,012,011		
Support and development	4,950,737		2,602,064		_
Special populations support and	4,000,707		2,002,004		
development	3,382,450		1,970,164		_
Alternative programs and services	3,302,430		1,370,104		
support and development	888,752		389,189		_
Technology support	15,602,647		1,288,695		-
Operational support	90,259,026		63,662,788		-
Financial and human resource					-
	15,427,577		221,294		-
Accountability	2,075,736		41,764		-
Systemwide pupil support	4,140,285		367,003		-
Policy, leadership and public relations	7,103,418		1,112,952		-
Ancillary services	3,025		-		-
Nonprogram charges	9,737,816		-		-
Debt Service:	44.000				
Principal	11,628		-		-
Interest	4,985		-		-
Capital outlay:					
Land, buildings, and other	-		-		-
Equipment	-		-		-
Vehicles	-		-		-
Total Expenditures	322,753,515		689,966,461		12,980,283
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	/- · · · ·				
over expenditures	(9,195,419)		-		388,854
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	5,988,235		-		13,540
Transfers out	(13,540)		-		(82,585)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,974,695		-		(69,045)
Net change in fund balance	(3,220,724)		-		319,809
Fund balances, beginning of year	40,328,510		-		8,203,443
Decrease in reserve for inventories	 (91,145)	_			<u>-</u>
Fund Balances, end of the year	\$ 37,016,641	\$	-	\$	8,523,252

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 280,960,672 16,252,197 - 7,881,311 305,094,180	\$ - 368,736 49,921,603 2,676,693 52,967,032	\$ 577,925,471 706,587,394 50,122,511 40,319,530 1,374,954,906
- - - -	3,043,372 25,730,784 14,397,885 1,437 14,262 2,443,322	499,334,239 151,835,956 50,278,411 60,562,500 19,861,802 64,214,418
-	3,584,541	11,137,342
-	206,736	5,559,350
- - - - - - - 1,398,800	570,539 178,773 145,632 568,545 25,567 23,124 - 250,484 1,782,029	1,848,480 17,070,115 154,067,446 16,217,416 2,143,067 4,530,412 8,216,370 253,509 11,519,845 1,410,428 4,985
294,847,196 548,547 605,973	- - -	294,847,196 548,547 605,973
<u>297,400,516</u> 7,693,664	52,967,032	1,376,067,807 (1,112,901)
(5,905,650) (5,905,650) 1,788,014 3,200,716	- - - - - -	6,001,775 (6,001,775) - (1,112,901) 51,732,669 (91,145)
\$ 4,988,730	\$ -	\$ 50,528,623



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE WITH THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (1,112,901)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period. Capital outlays \$ 287,773,387 Depreciation expense (32,459,629)	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., retirement) is to decrease net assets.	(232,897)
In the statement of activities compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amount earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, vacation earned was more than the amounts used by \$4,534,426.	(4,534,426)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements, but affect only the statement of net assets in the district-wide statements. Capital lease payments 11,628 Installment purchase payments 1,398,800	<u>_</u>
The estimated reserve for workers' compensation self-insurance is recorded as a long-term obligation in the district-wide statements. This year the decrease in reserve for workers' compensation was \$70,065.	1,410,428 70,065
Prepaid expenses use current year financial resources and are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. This year, the increase in prepaid expenses was \$86,681.	86,681
Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the district-wide statements.	(91,145)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 250,909,563

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General Fund					
				Variance-		
	Original	Final		Positive		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES:						
County	\$ 296,964,799	\$ 296,964,799	\$ 296,964,799	\$ -		
State	10,638,338	-	-	-		
Federal	1,495,000	185,000	200,908	15,908		
Other local	17,697,034	14,131,460	16,392,389	2,260,929		
Total revenues	326,795,171	311,281,259	313,558,096	2,276,837		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current operations:						
Instructional services:						
Regular instructional	102,499,737	88,385,284	88,276,638	108,646		
Special populations	23,874,046	24,577,596	24,558,202	19,394		
Alternative programs	12,248,640	12,028,043	12,027,999	44		
School leadership	27,976,003	24,749,777	24,706,858	42,919		
Co-curricular	7,076,199	7,093,618	6,867,257	226,361		
School-based support	10,330,755	12,861,611	12,728,479	133,132		
Systemwide support services	10,000,700	12,001,011	12,720,475	100,102		
Support and development	6,445,970	5,039,436	4,950,737	88,699		
Special populations support and	0,110,070	0,000,100	1,000,707	00,000		
development	1,998,604	3,382,529	3,382,450	79		
Alternative programs and services	1,000,001	0,002,020	0,002,100	7.0		
support and development	1,115,259	913,331	888,752	24,579		
Technology support	13,070,255	16,231,104	15,602,647	628,457		
Operational support	99,362,739	92,754,452	90,259,026	2,495,426		
Financial and human resource	18,457,917	16,742,652	15,427,577	1,315,075		
Accountability	2,278,629	2,108,752	2,075,736	33,016		
Systemwide pupil support	4,887,696	4,204,091	4,140,285	63,806		
Policy, leadership and public relation	7,407,457	7,369,315	7,103,418	265,897		
Ancillary services	250,682	3,202	3,025	177		
Non-program charges	10,206,648	15,696,563	9,754,429	5,942,134		
rten pregram enargee	. 0,200,0 .0	,	0,101,120	0,0 .2, .0 .		
Total Expenditures	349,487,236	334,141,356	322,753,515	11,387,841		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(22,692,065)	(22,860,097)	(9,195,419)	13,664,678		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Appropriated fund balance	17,730,668	16,118,780	-	(16,118,780)		
Transfers in	4,961,397	6,754,857	5,988,235	(766,622)		
Transfers out	-	(13,540)	(13,540)	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	22,692,065	22,860,097	5,974,695	(16,885,402)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(3,220,724)	\$ (3,220,724)		
-	-	<u> </u>		+ (5,=25,721)		
Fund balances, beginning of year Increase in reserve for inventories			40,328,510			
			(91,145)			
Fund balances, end of year			\$ 37,016,641			

Ctoto	Dublic	School	
Siale	PUDIIC	SCHOOL	

	State Public	School Fund	
			Variance-
Original	Final		Positive
-		Actual	
Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
•	•	•	•
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
688,579,048	718,563,148	689,966,461	(28,596,687)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
688,579,048	718,563,148	689,966,461	(28,596,687)
			(==,===,===)
410,360,043	429,847,605	408,014,229	21,833,376
93,208,235	101,622,461	101,546,970	75,491
61,308,054	25,116,119	23,852,527	1,263,592
01,300,034			
-	36,695,317	35,854,205	841,112
	-	- -	<u>-</u>
56,749,393	52,301,716	49,042,617	3,259,099
2,988,489	2,634,379	2,602,064	32,315
3,086,760	1,974,006	1,970,164	3,842
	, ,	, ,	,
450,584	414,707	389,189	25,518
1,717,567	2,477,352	1,288,695	1,188,657
		· · ·	
57,009,656	63,733,651	63,662,788	70,863
211,409	221,302	221,294	8
59,048	44,537	41,764	2,773
456,714	367,036	367,003	33
971,374	1,112,960	1,112,952	8
1,722	-,,	-,,	
1,722			
000 570 040	740 500 440	000 000 404	00 500 007
688,579,048	718,563,148	689,966,461	28,596,687
-	-	-	-
_	_	_	_
_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -		\$ -
Ψ -	Ψ -	_	Ψ -
		-	
		\$ -	

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Major Fund Child Nutrition Program	Non-Major Fund Tuition Programs	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$ 11,360,435 40,871 814,147 4,158 1,958 1,366,732	\$ 6,983,200 94,275 416,726 192,113 18,671	\$ 18,343,635 135,146 1,230,873 196,271 20,629 1,366,732
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	13,588,301	7,704,985	21,293,286
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,722,633	172,942	6,895,575
Total assets	20,310,934	7,877,927	28,188,861
Current liabilities: Salaries and benefits payable Accounts payable Due to other funds Current Portion of long-term obligations Total current liabilities: Long-term obligations Total liabilities: Total liabilities	1,647,919 796,134 14,450 540,000 2,998,503 334,175 3,332,678	10,395 379,738 9,935 60,000 460,068 38,690 498,758	1,658,314 1,175,872 24,385 600,000 3,458,571 372,865 3,831,436
	0,002,010	430,700	0,001,400
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	6,722,633 10,255,623	172,942 7,206,227	6,895,575 17,461,850
Total net assets	\$ 16,978,256	\$ 7,379,169	\$ 24,357,425

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Major Fund Child Nutrition		Child Nutrition Tuition					
		Program		Program		Programs		Total
OPERATING REVENUES Food sales Participant fees Total operating revenues	\$	22,800,190 - 22,800,190	\$	9,063,099 9,063,099	\$	22,800,190 9,063,099 31,863,289		
Total operating revenues		22,000,190		9,005,099		31,003,209		
OPERATING EXPENSES: Business supporting services: Salaries		15,310,949		3,839,189		19,150,138		
Food		16,297,770		3,039,109		16,297,770		
Supplies		1,854,546		1,362,321		3,216,867		
Purchased services		1,940,840		1,259,688		3,200,528		
Other supporting services:		.,0.0,0.0		.,_00,000		0,200,020		
Employee benefits		4,698,775		562,208		5,260,983		
Donated commodities		2,152,435		-		2,152,435		
Indirect costs		2,761,685		854,521		3,616,206		
Depreciation		829,155		19,543		848,698		
Total operating expenses		45,846,155		7,897,470		53,743,625		
Operating income (loss)		(23,045,965)		1,165,629		(21,880,336)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Federal regular USDA grants		17,524,774		-		17,524,774		
Federal commodities		2,152,435		-		2,152,435		
NCDPI kindergarten breakfast		32,582		-		32,582		
Interest		612,750		305,492		918,242		
Loss on sale of capital assets		(77,440)		(4,203)		(81,643)		
Total non-operating revenues		20,245,101		301,289		20,546,390		
Income/(loss) before contributions and transfers		(2,800,864)		1,466,918		(1,333,946)		
Contribution from other funds		1,014,145	-			1,014,145		
Change in net assets		(1,786,719)		1,466,918		(319,801)		
Net assets, beginning of year		18,764,975		5,912,251	1	24,677,226		
Net assets, end of year	\$	16,978,256	\$	7,379,169	\$	24,357,425		

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	 Major Fund hild Nutrition Program	 n-Major Fund Tuition Programs	 Total
Receipts from user charges Payments to employees for services	\$ 22,781,606 (19,603,980)	\$ 8,891,812 (4,375,989)	\$ 31,673,418 (23,979,969)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments for other operating expenses	(19,954,854) (3,006,473)	(2,369,823) (983,444)	(22,324,677) (3,989,917)
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	(19,783,701)	1,162,556	(18,621,145)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Federal regular USDA grants NCDPI kindergarten breakfast	17,524,774 32,582	-	17,524,774 32,582
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	17,557,356	-	17,557,356
CASH FLOWS USED FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of equipment Proceeds from sale of equipment	 (214,814) 4,558	- -	(214,814) 4,558
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(210,256)	-	(210,256)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income	612,750	305,492	918,242
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	 (1,823,851)	1,468,048	 (355,803)
'		, ,	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 13,184,286	 5,515,152	 18,699,438
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 11,360,435	\$ 6,983,200	\$ 18,343,635
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$ (23,045,965)	\$ 1,165,629	\$ (21,880,336)
provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Increase in accounts receivable and due from	829,155	19,543	848,698
other governments	(277,822)	(310,085)	(587,907)
Decrease in inventories Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	42,090 992	(1,898)	42,090 (906)
Increase in accounts payable and salaries and benefits payable	342,331	267,121	609,452
Increase in accrued vacation	173,083	22,246	195,329
Donated commodities	 2,152,435	-	 2,152,435
Total adjustments	 3,262,264	 (3,073)	 3,259,191
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ (19,783,701)	\$ 1,162,556	\$ (18,621,145)
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES:			
Donated commodities	\$ 2,152,435	\$ -	\$ 2,152,435
Transfer of equipment from capital projects fund	\$ 1,014,145	\$ -	\$ 1,014,145

Wake County Board of Education

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2008

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of The Wake County Board of Education conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Wake County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Wake County, North Carolina. Although Wake County levies all taxes, the Board determines how the school system will spend the funds generated for schools. The Board receives state, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions

or ancillary activities. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, indirect costs, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating expenses.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses, and instructional needs.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Wake County appropriations, proceeds of Wake County bonds issued for public school construction, as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following major enterprise fund:

Child Nutrition Fund. The Child Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, includes grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, state, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

All governmental and business-type activities of the Board follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the individual schools special revenue funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except for revenues and expenditures of the debt service fund being included in the budget of the capital projects fund and the enterprise fund, which is budgeted on the modified accrual basis.

The appropriations in the various funds are formally budgeted and controlled at the functional level. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all of the Board's funds. Subject to the provisions of the statutes, the Board may amend the budget resolution at any time after its adoption. State law also requires that transfers to or from the capital outlay fund be approved by the Board and the Board of County Commissioners. By resolution of the Board, the superintendent may transfer monies from one appropriation to another within the same fund, subject to certain limitations described below. If such transfers require the Board's approval, they must be reported at the next subsequent meeting.

The superintendent is authorized by the Board to transfer appropriations under the following conditions:

- 1. He may not transfer any amounts between funds nor from any contingency appropriation within a fund without Board approval.
- 2. He may transfer amounts between purpose codes and between functions within a purpose code. A summary of all such transfers must be reported to the Board within 60 days.
- 3. He may transfer any amounts in state and federal projects upon prior approval of the appropriate funding agency. If such transfers require the Board's approval under other provisions, they must be reported within 60 days.

The superintendent is authorized by the Board to accept appropriations into the budget under the following conditions:

- 1. He may accept all state appropriations. A summary of such appropriations must be reported to the Board within 60 days.
- 2. He may accept federal appropriations if the application for funding has been approved by the Board. A summary of such appropriations must be reported to the Board within 60 days.
- 3. He may accept categorical program appropriations if the program has been approved by the Board. A summary of such appropriations must be reported to the Board within 60 days.
- 4. He may accept other appropriations upon prior approval of the Board.

During the fiscal year there were budget amendments totaling \$332,834,623 approved by the Board as follows:

General fund	\$ (15,332,340)
State public school fund	29,984,100
Grants funds	10,524,547
Capital projects funds	306,814,301
Enterprise fund	<u>844,015</u>
•	\$ 332,834,623

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The NCCMT Cash Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The STIF securities are reported at cost and maintain a constant \$1 per share value. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are reported at cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. The inventories of the Board's General Fund consist of expendable materials and supplies, which are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The General Fund inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reserved.

Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in the government-wide statements.

4. Capital Assets

The Board's capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1989 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Wake County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of stales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and Board gives the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	
	And Tuition	Child Nutrition
	Programs	Program
	Years	Years
Buildings	50	
Kitchen and Landscape Equipment	15	12
Furniture	20	20
All Other Equipment	10	10
Vehicles	8	5
Computer equipment	5	6
Land Improvement	20	

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

Depreciation for building and equipment that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratable and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

6. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2008 are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a LIFO basis.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

7. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net assets in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations or restrictions of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriable, are legally segregated for a specific purpose, or are restricted by the grant agreement. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law [G.S. 115C-425(a)] restricts the appropriation of fund balance or fund equity to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

RESERVED

<u>Reserved for inventories</u> - portion of fund balance not available for appropriation because it represents the year-end fund balance of ending inventories, which are not expendable, available resources.

<u>Reserved for encumbrances</u> - portion of fund balance available to pay for any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Reserved by State statute - portion of fund balance, in addition to reserves for encumbrances and reserves for inventories, which is not available for appropriation under State law. This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables.

<u>Reserved for special projects</u> - portion of fund balance not available for appropriation because it represents the excess of revenues over expenditures of certain special projects. This excess is reserved for expenditure only for these projects.

<u>Reserved for restricted contributions</u> – portion of fund balance not available for appropriation because it represents the excess of revenues over expenditures of certain contributions that are restricted for specific use.

<u>Reserved for self-insurance</u> – portion of fund balance not available for appropriation because it represents the loss reserve required for the workers' compensation and dental self-insurance programs.

<u>UNRESERVED</u>

<u>Designated for flexible benefits plan</u> – portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for future loss contingencies of the flexible benefits plan.

<u>Designated for subsequent year's expenditures</u> - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which has been designated for the adopted 2008-2009 budget ordinance.

<u>Undesignated</u> - portion of total fund balance available for appropriation which is uncommitted at year-end.

II. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The net adjustment of \$2,106,519,879 consists of several elements as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ 2,518,944,686 (355,629,991) 2,163,314,695
Prepaid expenses use current year financial resources and are report as an expenditure in the governmental funds	ted 668,101
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current p do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not record in the fund statements:	ed
Capital leases payable Workers' compensation self-insurance	(28,792) (2,103,937)
Compensated absences	(55,107,170)
Installment Purchase	(223,018)
Total adjustments	\$ 2,106,519,879

B. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$252,022,464 as follows:

<u>Description</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities.	\$	287,773,387
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.		(32,459,629)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving Capital assets (i.e. retirement) is to decrease net assets.		(232,897)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds or the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net assets in the government-wide statements.	1	1,410,428
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide Statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources.		(4,534,426)
Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the government-wide statements.		(91,145)
Estimated reserve for workers' compensation self-insurance recorders as a long-term obligation in the government-wide statements.	ed	70,065
Prepaid expenses use current year financial resources and are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. However, they are reflected as assets in the statement of net assets.		86,68 <u>1</u>
Total adjustments	<u>\$</u>	252,022,464

III. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name

of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2008, the Board's deposits with banks had a carrying amount of \$16,567,091 and with the State Treasurer of \$4,781,210. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$25,272,112 and \$3,318,856, respectively. Of these balances, \$3,739,655 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$24,851,313 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2008, the Board's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	<u>Maturity</u>	Rating
Commercial Paper	\$ 16,005,000	Daily	A-1
North Carolina Capital Management Trust	8,784	Term Portfolio duration of .8	AAAm
State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund	59,045,745	W eighted average maturity of 2.90 years	Unrated
Total Investments	\$ 75,059,529	•	

Interest Rate Risk. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Department of State Treasurer Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) has a weighted average maturity of 2.90 years as of June 30, 2008.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs): however, the Board has no formal policy on managing credit risk. As of June 30, 2008, the Board's investments in commercial paper were rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's. The Board's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2008. The STIF is unrated and is authorized under NC General Statute 147-69.1. The State Treasurer's STIF is invested in highly liquid fixed income securities consisting primarily of short to intermediate treasuries and agencies, and money market instruments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Board places no limit on the amount the Board may invest in any one issuer. More than five percent of the Board's investments are in the State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund. This investment is 79% of the Board's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board does not have any investments that are exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

	Due from other funds (internal balances)		ue from other overnments	Other		
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental activities	\$	(171,886)	\$ 779,475 64,198,844	\$	1,365,145 1,034,043	
Total	\$	(171,886)	\$ 64,978,319	\$	2,399,188	
Business-type activities: Child Nutrition Program Tuition Programs Total	\$	- 171,886 171,886	\$ 814,147 416,726 1,230,873	\$	40,871 94,275 135,146	

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities:		
General Fund	\$ 741,032	Sales tax refund from state
	13,917	Miscellaneous revenue from county
	 24,526	_Miscellaneous revenue from federal
	 779,475	_
State Public School Fund	10,393,950	Operating funds from DPI
Individual Schools Fund	41,131	Sales tax refund from state
Capital Outlay Fund	457,974	Sales tax refund from state
	52,530,875	County funds from county appropriations
	52,988,849	_
Direct Grants Fund	154,342	Federal grant funds
State Administered Federal Grants Fund	620,572	_Federal grant funds
Total	\$ 64,978,319	=
Business-type activities:		
Child Nutrition Program	\$ 774,741	Miscellaneous revenue from state
	 39,406	Sales tax refund from state
	814,147	_
Tuition Programs	410,000	Miscellaneous revenue from county
	6,726	Sales tax refund from state
	 416,726	-
Total	\$ 1,230,873	=

All receivables are expected to be collected within the next fiscal year.

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>
Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

		Beginning		- ,	_			Ending
Capital agasta not		Balances	Increases	Transfers	Re	tirements		Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	82,161,785	\$ 14,676,689	\$ -	\$	(31,071)	\$	96,807,403
Construction in Progress	Ψ	695,468,289	269,347,619	(56,718,913)	Ψ	-	Ψ	908,096,995
Total capital assets not		333, 133,233		(00,1.10,0.10)				
being depreciated		777,630,074	284,024,308	(56,718,913)		(31,071)	1	,004,904,398
Capital assets being						, , ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
depreciated:								
Land Improvements		6,049,245	921,207	-		(47,209)		6,923,243
Buildings	1	,400,733,917	21,500	56,718,913		(212,380)	1	,457,261,950
Equipment		14,700,357	2,120,719	-		(678, 350)		16,142,726
Vehicles and								
motor equipment		38,994,394	685,653		(;	5,967,678)		33,712,369
Total capital assets being								
depreciated	1	,460,477,913	3,749,079	56,718,913	(6,905,617)	1	,514,040,288
Less accumulated								
depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		4,710,644	141,448	-		(47,209)		4,804,883
Buildings		294,895,198	27,571,227	-		(195,012)		322,271,413
Equipment		8,009,544	1,710,305	-		(507,313)		9,212,536
Vehicles and		22 250 767	2 026 640		/	E 0E4 0E7\		10 244 450
motor equipment Total accumulated		22,258,767	3,036,649		(;	5,954,257)		19,341,159
depreciation		329,874,153	32,459,629	_	1	6,703,791)		355,629,991
Total capital assets being		329,074,133	32,439,029			0,703,791)		333,029,991
depreciated, net	1	,130,603,760					1	,158,410,297
Governmental activity		,100,000,700						1,100,410,201
capital assets, net	\$ 1	,908,233,834					\$ 2	2,163,314,695
capital assets, net	Ψ 1	,500,235,054					ΨΖ	-,100,014,000
Business-type Activitie	s:		Beginning					Ending
			Balances	Increases	Re	tirements		Balances
School Food Service Fund:								
Capital assets being depre	ciate	ed:						
Equipment			\$ 15,474,688	\$ 1,074,683	\$ (1,491,639)	\$	15,057,732
Vehicles			791,348	154,276		(139,108)		806,516
Total capital assets bei	-	-	16,266,036	1,228,959	(1,630,747)		15,864,248
Less accumulated depreci	ation	n for:	0.004.004		,	4 400 000)		
Equipment			9,281,021	760,756	(1,436,098)		8,605,679
Vehicles	:		580,188	68,399		(112,651)		535,936
Total accumulated dep			9,861,209	829,155	(1,548,749)		9,141,615
School food service capita		sets, net	6,404,827					6,722,633
Other Business-type activitie Capital assets being depre		ed·						
Equipment	Julat	cu.	881,234	_		(83,307)		797,927
Less accumulated deprec	iatio	n for:	001,204	·		(00,001)		101,021
Equipment	.auoi		684,545	19,543		(79,103)		624,985
Other enterprise funds cap	pital	assets, net	196,689	,		(. 0, 100)		172,942
Business-type activities cap			\$ 6,601,516				\$	6,895,575
•								

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

5. Construction Commitments

The Board has active construction projects as of June 30, 2008. At year-end, the Board's commitments with contractors for school construction totaled approximately \$273,857,215. These commitments will be funded by future revenues from Wake County.

6. Financing Commitments

Recent legislation permits the State Board of Education to finance the purchase of replacement school buses through installment purchases. Wake County Board of Education has entered into an agreement to purchase 29 buses in this manner. The term of the financing cannot exceed three years and the Board must purchase the buses from vendors approved by the Department of Public Instruction. The Department of Public Instruction will make the payments to the lender on behalf of the Board out of funds allocated to the Board. Because future resources will be used to fund the payments under the installment agreement, no encumbrance of fund balance at June 30, 2008, has been recorded.

The payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Total purchase price, 29 buses \$2,207,713

Total payments due in fiscal year 2009 735,904

Remaining payments due in subsequent years 1,471,809

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. Wake County Board of Education contributes to the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS provides retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 6.82% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and Wake County Board of Education are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Board's contributions to TSERS for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$56,406,617, \$46,565,368, and \$39,061,354, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

All permanent, full-time employees of the Board may participate in a supplemental retirement income plan 401(K), a defined contribution plan. Covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$131,797,087, total payroll was \$720,391,021. Participation is optional, and all contributions to the plan are made by the employees. All participants are immediately vested in their contributions and can increase or decrease their contribution rate at any time.

The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$7,096,389 (5.4% of covered payroll) for the year ended June 30, 2008.

The Department of State Treasurer, the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the Board of Trustees of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirements System are the administrators of the plan. The plan provisions are established by the NC Legislature, Article 5, Chapter 135-90 of the General Statute as cited in the Supplemental Retirement Income Act of 1984.

c. Post-employment Benefits

The post-employment health care benefits are provided through multiple-employer costsharing plans administered by the State. The Board makes monthly contributions to the State for these benefits. Health care benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (System) who have at least five years of contributing membership in the System. These benefits are provided through the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan. Once retirees become eligible for Medicare coverage, they must elect to participate in Part A and Part B coverage to maintain the level of coverage provided prior to retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the State sets monthly contribution rates for post-employment health care benefits, death benefits and disability benefits, which are the same for all boards of education across the State. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Board made contributions to the State for post-employment healthcare benefits of \$29,536,032, these contributions represented 4.1% of covered payroll.

2. Other Employment Benefits

In addition to providing pension and post employment healthcare benefits, the Board provides disability benefits and death benefits, in accordance with State statutes, to certain employees. Death benefits are provided through the Benefit Plan for members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer State-administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. Employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership service in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's highest 12 months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his/her death, with a minimum benefit of \$25,000 and a maximum of \$50,000.

Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (Disability Income Plan), a multiple-employer State-administered

cost-sharing plan, which also is funded on a one-year term cost basis. Long-term disability benefits are payable from the Disability Income Plan after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled.

All short-term disability benefit payments are made by various State-administered plans. The Board has no liability beyond payment of monthly contributions except for short-term disability benefits, which are paid by the Board during the first six months of the short-term period.

3. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at the government-wide level at June 30, 2008, were as follows:

	Vendors	S	Salaries and benefits
Governmental Activities			
General	\$ 11,407,915	\$	4,498,645
Other Governmental	69,197,171		10,702,943
Total Governmental activities	\$ 80,605,086	\$	15,201,588
Business-type Activities Child Nutrition Program Tuition Programs Total Business-type activities	\$ 796,134 379,738 1,175,872	\$	1,647,919 10,395 1,658,314

4. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The balance in unearned revenue at year-end is composed of grants not yet earned of \$2,679,176.

5. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in the North Carolina Public Risk & Insurance Management Association, a membership of public sectors risk management programs. Through the private insurance industry, the Board maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Board has an annual aggregate limit for general liability of \$3,000,000 and \$1,000,000 each loss and \$2,000,000 aggregate for errors and omissions. In addition, the Board carries commercial umbrella for another \$1,000,000 of liability coverage. The Board was approved effective August 1, 2002 as a qualified selfinsurer for workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits for employees to the extent they are paid from federal, local, and enterprise funds for 8/1/2007-08 with a selfinsured specific retention of \$400,000; an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000; and an employer's liability limit of \$1,000,000. The State of North Carolina provides workers' compensation for employees to the extent they are paid from State Public School Funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, insuring tangible property assets of the Board. The Fund provides coverage up to \$10 million per occurrence and \$20 million in aggregate annually. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers, who participate in the property losses in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$10 million. A total limit of \$100 million per occurrence is purchased for covered catastrophic events, \$400 million maximum per occurrence for any one flood or earthquake with a \$5,000,000 maximum payable to each insured per flood or earthquake occurrence.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The amount of Public Officials Dishonest Bond on the finance officer is \$250,000. The amount of Public Employee Dishonesty Bond on budget managers and bookkeepers is \$100,000.

A summary of changes in the self-insured workers' compensation claims for fiscal years 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Estimated claims payable, beginning of year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 2,174,002 975,281 (1,045,346)	\$ 2,153,011 1,062,032 (1,041,041)
Estimated claims payable, end of year	\$ 2,103,937	\$ 2,174,002

6. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2008, the Board was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Board's management and the Board's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Board's financial position.

7. Leases

a. Operating Leases

The Board leases building and office facilities and parking areas under operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$2,952,999 for the year ended June 30, 2008. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Amount</u>
2009	\$ 2,618,229
2010	2,045,237
2011	1,852,858
2012	801,678
2013 and after	3,491,286
Total	\$ 10,809,288

b. Capital Leases

As authorized in State law [G.S. 115C-528(a)], the Board has one outstanding capital lease with Xerox for a printer. The term of the lease is five years, ending in June of 2010, with monthly payments of \$1,384. The lease agreement qualifies it as a capital lease for accounting purposes; therefore, the obligations have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

At June 30, 2008, assets recorded under the capital leases were as follows:

			Acc	umulated		Net Book
Classes of Property	Cost		Depreciation		Value	
Computers/computer equipment	\$	60,000	\$	35,999	\$	24,001

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

	Governmental				
Year Ending June 30	A	ctivities			
2009	\$	16,613			
2010		16,612			
Total Payments		33,225			
Less: amount representing interest		4,433			
Present value of the minimum lease payments	\$	28,792			

c. <u>Installment Purchase</u>

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase or school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. In fiscal year 2007, the Board entered into installment purchase contract to finance the purchase of 29 buses through a special third party financing arrangement offered by SunTrust Leasing Corporation. The cost for this installment purchase was \$1,398,800 for the year ended June 30, 2008. The final payment of \$223,018 is due in the year ending June 30, 2009.

8. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$50,572,744	\$ 46,400,991	\$41,866,565	\$55,107,170	\$40,000,000
Capital leases	40,420	-	11,628	28,792	13,385
Worker's compensation	2,174,002	975,281	1,045,346	2,103,937	780,722
Installment purchase	1,621,818		1,398,800	223,018	223,018
Total	\$54,408,984	\$ 47,376,272	\$44,322,339	\$57,462,917	\$41,017,125

Business-type activities: Compensated

 Absences

 Beginning balance
 \$ 777,536

 Increases
 841,832

 Decreases
 646,503

 Ending Balance
 \$ 972,865

Due within one year \$ 600,000

Compensated absences, workers' compensation, and capital leases are typically liquidated by the general and other governmental funds. Compensated absences are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
State Public School Fund	General Fund	\$ 8,154
General Fund	State Public School Fund	1,304
General Fund	State Administered Federal Grants Fund	13,969
General Fund	Individual Schools Fund	2,670
General Fund	Direct Grants Fund	698
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	17,168
General Fund	Child Nutrition Program	14,450
General Fund	Tuition Program	5,777
State Administered Federal Grants Fund	General Fund	300
Tuition Program	Individual Schools Fund	192,113
Child Nutrition Program	Tuition Program	4,158
Direct Grants Fund	General Fund	8,846
		\$ 269,607

Most interfund balances are due to allocation of printing costs or benefit costs. The Individual Schools Fund owes \$192,113 to the Tuition Program from the Individual Schools Fund for tuition payments that are initially deposited into the Individual Schools Fund at the school level and then moved to the Tuition Program monthly.

The following is a summary of Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Transfers From:	Transfers To:					
	General Fund		S	Individual Schools Fund		Total
Governmental activities: Capital Projects Fund General Fund Individual Schools Fund	\$	5,905,650 - 82,585	\$	- 13,540 -	\$	5,905,650 13,540 82,585
Total	\$	5,988,235	\$	13,540	\$	6,001,775

During the year, the Capital Projects Fund transferred \$5,905,650 to the General Fund for salaries paid that were related to the Board's building program. The General Fund transferred \$13,540 to the Individual School Fund due to a deficit at an individual school. The Individual School Fund transferred \$82,585 to the General Fund to fund the costs of additional positions in the schools.

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes. The non-major special revenue funds include:

<u>Direct Grants Fund</u> – The Direct Grants Fund is used to account for grant monies received directly from the grantors.

<u>State Administered Federal Grants Fund</u> – The State Administered Federal Grants Fund is used to account for federal grant monies administered through the State Department of Public Instruction.

Enterprise Funds

Tuition Programs Fund

The Tuition Programs Fund is used to account for the before and after school programs, as well as preschool and adult education programs that are funded through tuition.

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Direct Grants		State Administered Federal Grants		 Total
ASSETS					
Cash Due from other governments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	1,540,013 154,342 1,030,892 8,846	\$	253,439 620,572 1,100 300	\$ 1,793,452 774,914 1,031,992 9,146
Total assets	\$	2,734,093	\$	875,411	\$ 3,609,504
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Salaries and benefits payable Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues	\$	30,200 166,904 698 2,536,291	\$	552,580 308,862 13,969	\$ 582,780 475,766 14,667 2,536,291
Total liabilities		2,734,093		875,411	3,609,504
Fund balances					
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,734,093	\$	875,411	\$ 3,609,504

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Direct Federal Grants		State Administered Federal Grants			Total
REVENUES:						
Federal	\$	2,854,852	\$	47,066,751	\$	49,921,603
State	Ψ	368,736	Ψ	-	Ψ	368,736
Other		2,676,693		_		2,676,693
Total revenues		5,900,281		47,066,751		52,967,032
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional services:						
Regular instructional		1,260,804		1,782,568		3,043,372
Special populations		387,594		25,343,190		25,730,784
Alternative programs		1,098,601		13,299,284		14,397,885
School leadership		1,437		-		1,437
Co-curricular		14,262		-		14,262
School-based support		809,590		1,633,732		2,443,322
Systemwide support services		,		,,		, -,-
Support and development		1,521,405		2,063,136		3,584,541
Special populations support and		, ,		, ,		, ,
development		-		206,736		206,736
Alternative programs and services				•		•
support and development		212,143		358,396		570,539
Technology support		-		178,773		178,773
Operational support		11,478		134,154		145,632
Financial and human resource		133,642		434,903		568,545
Accountability		25,567		-		25,567
Systemwide pupil support		23,124		-		23,124
Ancillary services		249,720		764		250,484
Non-program charges		150,914		1,631,115		1,782,029
Total expenditures		5,900,281		47,066,751		52,967,032
Deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures						-
Fund balances, beginning of year						
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

				Variance- Positive
	 Budget	 Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Wake County:			_	
County appropriation	\$ 296,964,799	\$ 296,964,799	\$	-
Federal:				
ROTC	175,000	191,573		16,573
Other	 10,000	 9,335		(665)
Total	185,000	 200,908		15,908
Other:				
Fines and forfeitures	3,775,000	4,163,007		388,007
Interest	2,500,000	3,475,399		975,399
Indirect cost	5,450,000	5,398,455		(51,545)
Other local	 2,406,460	 3,355,528		949,068
Total	 14,131,460	 16,392,389		2,260,929
Total revenues	311,281,259	313,558,096		2,276,837
EXPENDITURES:				
Regular instructional services				
Regular curricular		84,582,888		
CTE curricular		3,693,750		
	88,385,284	88,276,638		108,646
Special populations services				
Children with disabilities curricular		16,539,557		
Children with disabilities CTE curricular		1,391,111		
Pre-K children with disabilities curricular		558,415		
Speech and language pathology		2,646,530		
Audiology		566,743		
Academically/intellectually gifted curricular		999,704		
Limited English proficiency		 1,856,142		
	24,577,596	24,558,202		19,394
Alternative programs and services				
Alternative instructional K-12		938,875		
Attendance and social work		665,948		
Remedial and supplemental K-12		7,499,290		
Pre-K readiness/remedial and supplemental		1,688,848		
Extended day/year instructional		 1,235,038		
	12,028,043	12,027,999		44

Continued on Following Page

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

		Budget	 Actual	/ariance- Positive Negative)
School leadership	\$	24,749,777	\$ 24,706,858	\$ 42,919
Co-Curricular services		7,093,618	 6,867,257	 226,361
School-based support services Educational media Student accounting Guidance Health Instructional technology Parent involvement Special			5,111,595 697,013 5,534,053 384,829 312,360 153,988 534,641	
		12,861,611	 12,728,479	133,132
Support and development services Regular curricular support and development CTE curricular support and development		5,039,436	4,727,588 223,149 4,950,737	 88,699
Special population support and development services		3,382,529	3,382,450	 79
Alternative programs and services support and development services		913,331	 888,752	24,579
Technology support services		16,231,104	15,602,647	628,457
Operational support services Communication Printing and copying Public utility and energy Custodial/housekeeping Transportation Warehouse and delivery Facilities planning Maintenance	_	92,754,452	760,005 16,652 25,967,185 11,432,256 17,279,909 406,075 7,010,536 27,386,408 90,259,026	2,495,426
Financial and human resource services Financial Human resource			8,947,132 6,480,445	
		16,742,652	 15,427,577	1,315,075

Continued on Following Page

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

	Budget	Actual		Variance- Positive (Negative)
Accountability services				
Student testing	\$ -	\$ 1,328,213	\$	-
Planning, research development and		7.47.500		
program evaluation	 2,108,752	 747,523 2,075,736		33,016
Systemwide pupil support services	 2,100,732	 2,073,730		33,010
Educational media support		139,658		
Student accounting support		1,380,957		
Guidance support		450,060		
Safety and security support		2,106,562		
Instructional technology support	4,204,091	63,048 4,140,285	-	63,806
	 4,204,001	 4,140,200		00,000
Policy, leadership and public relations services		044.075		
Board of education		211,975		
Legal Audit		988,345 615,769		
Leadership		3,744,390		
Public relations and marketing		1,542,939		
Ŭ	7,369,315	7,103,418		265,897
Ancillary services	 			
Adult services	3,202	 3,025		177
Nonprogram charges:				
Debt service principal		11,628		
Debt service interest		4,985		
Payments to charter schools	 45 000 500	 9,737,816		5.040.404
	 15,696,563	 9,754,429	-	5,942,134
Total expenditures	334,141,356	 322,753,515		11,387,841
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				
before other financing sources (uses)	 (22,860,097)	 (9,195,419)		13,664,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Appropriated fund balance	16,118,780	-		(16,118,780)
Transfers in	6,754,857	5,988,235		(766,622)
Transfers out	(13,540)	(13,540)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 22,860,097	 5,974,695		(16,885,402)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(3,220,724)	\$	(3,220,724)
Fund balance, beginning of year		40,328,510		
Decrease in reserve for inventories		 (91,145)		
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 37,016,641		

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Budget		Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: State of North Carolina	\$	718,563,148	\$	689,966,461	\$ (28,596,687)
Total revenues		718,563,148		689,966,461	 (28,596,687)
EXPENDITURES: Regular instructional services Regular curricular CTE curricular		429,847,605		380,747,227 27,267,002 408,014,229	 21,833,376
Special populations services Children with disabilities curricular Children with disabilities CTE curricular Pre-K children with disabilities curricular Speech and language pathology Audiology Academically/intellectually gifted curricular Limited English proficiency		101,622,461		81,267,787 2,812,376 382,021 2,009,094 315,070 6,452,262 8,308,360 101,546,970	 75,491
Alternative programs and services Alternative instructional K-12 Attendance and social work Remedial and supplemental K-12 Extended day/year instructional	_	25,116,119		5,321,411 4,106,307 13,930,339 494,470 23,852,527	 1,263,592
School leadership		36,695,317		35,854,205	841,112
School-based support services Educational media Student accounting Guidance Health Safety and security Instructional technology Parent involvement Special		52,301,716	_	16,013,549 5,748,670 23,509,542 876,137 833,848 789,814 526,271 744,786 49,042,617	 3,259,099
Support and development services Regular curricular support and development CTE curricular support and development		2,634,379		1,491,512 1,110,552 2,602,064	32,315

Continued on Following Page

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

		D 1 .		A		Variance- Positive	
Chariel nanulation augment and		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Special population support and development services	\$	1,974,006	\$	1,970,164	\$	3,842	
Alternative programs and services support							
and development services		414,707		389,189		25,518	
Technology support services		2,477,352		1,288,695		1,188,657	
Operational support services							
Communication				1,312,536			
Custodial/housekeeping				17,685,952			
Transportation				44,645,731			
Maintenance			18,569				
		63,733,651		63,662,788		70,863	
Financial and human resource services							
Financial				118,320			
Human resource				102,974			
		221,302		221,294		8	
Accountability services							
Student testing				38,954			
Planning, research development and				2.040			
program evaluation		44,537	-	2,810 41,764		2,773	
	1	,		,			
Systemwide pupil support services Educational media support				107,494			
Student accounting support				46,682			
Instructional technology support				212,827			
instructional technology support		367,036		367,003		33	
		307,030		307,003			
Policy, leadership and public relations services				4.440.050			
Leadership		1,112,960		1,112,952		8	
Total expenditures		718,563,148		689,966,461		28,596,687	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures							
before other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Direct		State Administered			
	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	Buaget	7101441	(i togativo)	Daagot	7101001	(Hogalivo)	
State of North Carolina	\$ 524,408	\$ 368,736	\$ 155,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Federal:							
IDEA	-	-	-	24,783,303	24,750,604	32,699	
IASA	-	-	-	21,730,286	15,178,829	6,551,457	
Vocational Education							
Program Improvement	-	-	-	1,288,937	1,250,878	38,059	
Improving Teacher Quality	-	-	-	4,351,575	3,093,795	1,257,780	
Language Acquisition	-	-	-	1,330,456	1,298,650	31,806	
Magnet School Assistance	3,582,151	1,038,751	2,543,400	- 0.707.004	4 400 005	-	
Other federal Total	2,910,563	1,816,101	1,094,462	2,797,291	1,493,995	1,303,296	
Total	6,492,714	2,854,852	3,637,862	56,281,848	47,066,751	9,215,097	
Other:							
Medicaid	1,660,717	743,280	917,437	-	-	-	
Other	2,520,925	1,933,413	587,512	-	-		
Total	4,181,642	2,676,693	1,504,949	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	11,198,764	5,900,281	5,298,483	56,281,848	47,066,751	9,215,097	
EXPENDITURES:							
Regular instructional services							
Regular curricular		1,257,388			576,003		
CTE curricular		3,416			1,206,565		
	3,539,882	1,260,804	2,279,078	2,037,340	1,782,568	254,772	
Special populations services							
Children with disabilities curricular		71,347			17,933,020		
Children with disabilities CTE curricular		97,732			-		
Pre-K children with disabilities curricular		12,389			436,464		
Speech and language pathology		206,126			5,532,232		
Audiology		-			18,821		
Limited English proficiency	400,400	-	405.000	00.070.005	1,422,653	705 475	
	493,423	387,594	105,829	26,078,365	25,343,190	735,175	
Alternative programs and services							
Alternative instructional K-12		10,749			-		
Attendance and social work		14,291			161,211		
Remedial and supplemental K-12 Pre-K readiness/remedial		29,036			11,732,620		
and supplemental		921,348			782,953		
Extended day/year instructional		123,177			622,500		
Extended day/your mondentional	1,493,585	1,098,601	394,984	16,496,620	13,299,284	3,197,336	
School leadership	24,512	1,437	23,075	<u>-</u>			
Co-Curricular services	41,693	14,262	27,431	_	_	_	
		,		1			

Continued on Following Page

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GRANTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

		Direct		Sta	ate Administere	d
	Dudget	Actual	Variance- Positive	Dudget	Actual	Variance- Positive
School-based support services	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Educational media Guidance Health	\$ -	\$ 79,337 252,994 3,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,655 416,024	\$ -
Safety and security Instructional technology		147,453 56,139			-	
Parent involvement Special		1,121 268,886			264,406 948,647	
oposiai.	1,440,131	809,590	630,541	4,232,103	1,633,732	2,598,371
Support and development services Regular curricular support and development	2,987,323	1,521,405	1,465,918	2,836,791	2,063,136	773,655
Special population support and		,				
development services		-		221,089	206,736	14,353
Alternative programs and services support and development services	281,153	212,143	69,010	467,249	358,396	108,853
Technology support services				400,263	178,773	221,490
Operational support services						
Transportation	21,033	11,478	9,555	350,349	134,154	216,195
Financial and human resource services Human resource	203,516	133,642	69,874	534,053	434,903	99,150
Accountability services Planning, research development and program evaluation	25,572	25,567	5	10,000	_	10,000
	20,072	20,007		10,000		10,000
Systemwide pupil support services Guidance support Safety and security support		3,319 19,805			-	
ducty and seeding support	99,527	23,124	76,403	-	-	
Ancillary services Community services		249,222			-	
Nutrition services	264,456	498 249,720	14,736	950	. <u>764</u> 764	186
Nonprogram charges:	•		· · · · · ·			
Indirect Cost	282,958	150,914	132,044	2,616,676	1,631,115	985,561
Total expenditures	11,198,764	5,900,281	5,298,483	56,281,848	47,066,751	9,215,097
Excess of revenues over expenditures				-		
Fund balances, beginning of year						
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

REVENUES:	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Wake County:			
Appropriation	\$ 3,779,301	\$ 3,779,301	\$ -
Capital Improvements fund	915,085,745	277,181,371	(637,904,374)
Capital improvements fund	918,865,046	280,960,672	(637,904,374)
	910,000,040	200,900,072	(037,304,374)
State			
Passed through Wake County			
Public School Building Capital Fund	7,067,905	7,067,905	-
Public School Capital Fund - Lottery	7,785,492	7,785,492	-
LEA Financed Purchase of School Buses	1,398,800	1,398,800	-
	16,252,197	16,252,197	
Other:			
Sale of school property	-	490,994	490,994
Interest	150,000	203,533	53,533
Other local	7,014,114	7,186,784	172,670
	7,164,114	7,881,311	717,197
	, - ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total revenues	942,281,357	305,094,180	(637,187,177)
EXPENDITURES: Land and buildings:			
Land: Purchase of new sites	51,435,756	14,647,515	36,788,241
Buildings:			
General contracts		37,377,298	
Heating contracts		3,021,236	
Plumbing contracts		40,975	
Electrical contracts		6,647	
Architect fees		13,564,031	
Equipment contracts		23,066,179	
Miscellaneous contracts		193,207,206	
Lottery			
East Millbrook Middle		2,000,000	
East Wake High		2,000,000	
Heritage High		2,000,000	
Lynn Road Elementary		1,785,492	
·	878,367,444	278,069,064	600,298,380
Other:			
Library books	4,469,437	2,130,617	2,338,820
	934,272,637	294,847,196	639,425,441
Equipment:			
Instructional		183,878	
Administrative		364,669	
	744,610	548,547	196,063
	,	2.0,0.1	

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WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Vehicles:			
Administration	\$ -	\$ 384,281	\$ -
Transportation		221,692	
	1,845,389	605,973	1,239,416
Debt service:			
Principal	1,398,800	1,398,800	
Total expenditures	938,261,436	297,400,516	640,860,920
Excess of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	4,019,921	7,693,664	3,673,743
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Appropriated fund balance	2,651,572	_	(2,651,572)
Transfer out	(6,671,493		765,843
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,019,921	(5,905,650)	(1,885,729)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$ -	\$ 1,788,014	\$ 1,788,014

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Child Nutrition Program			Tuition Programs			
	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Daaget	Actual	(Negative)	
Federal: Regular USDA Grants	\$17,279,952	\$17,524,774	\$ 244,822	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Other: Food sales Participant Fees State of North Carolina Interest NCDPI kindergarten breakfast Miscellaneous	25,603,099 - - 555,305 46,342 83,167 26,287,913	22,800,190 - - 612,750 32,582 1,014,145 24,459,667	2,802,909 - (57,445) 13,760 (930,978) 1,828,246	- 13,544,577 338,290 - - - - - 13,882,867	8,718,132 344,967 305,492 - - - 9,368,591	- 4,826,445 (6,677) (305,492) - - - 4,514,276	
Total revenues	43,567,865	41,984,441	(1,583,424)	13,882,867	9,368,591	(4,514,276)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Business supporting services: Salaries Food Supplies Purchased services Indirect costs paid Equipment purchases		15,310,949 16,297,770 1,854,546 1,940,840 2,761,685 214,814			3,839,189 - 1,362,321 1,259,688 854,521 -		
Other supporting services: Employee benefits Total Expenditures	38,367,285 5,200,580 43,567,865	38,380,604 4,698,775 43,079,379	(13,319) 501,805 488,486	13,088,995 793,872 13,882,867	7,315,719 562,208 7,877,927	5,773,276 231,664 6,004,940	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - budgetary (non-GAAP) basis	\$ -	(1,094,938)	\$(1,094,938)	\$ -	1,490,664	\$1,490,664	
Reconciliation from budgetary (Non-GAAP) basis to GAAP. Equipment purchases, net of contributions Depreciation Loss on sale of capital assets Change in Net Assets		214,814 (829,155) (77,440) \$(1,786,719)			- (19,543) (4,203) \$1,466,918		

Note: Revenues and expenditures related to donated services and commodities are excluded from the above revenues and expenditures compared to budget

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Fund Balance July 1, 2007	Revenues	Expenditures	Fund Balance June 30, 2008	
HIGH SCHOOLS:					
Apex	\$ 401,964	\$ 455,352	\$ 438,264	\$ 419,052	
Athens	256,568	329,950	399,678	186,840	
Broughton	297,658	440,725	420,205	318,178	
Cary	155,488	316,398	374,115	97,771	
East Wake (includes 4 schools)	81,642	178,416	183,504	76,554	
Enloe	461,830	556,998	514,898	503,930	
Fuguay-Varina	421,701	317,216	374,264	364,653	
Garner	75,258	269,473	237,602	107,129	
Green Hope	248,929	411,272	406,410	253,791	
Holly Springs	16,803	193,190	185,476	24,517	
Knightdale	61,396	167,382	148,551	80,227	
Leesville Road	298,321	449,543	433,890	313,974	
Middle Creek	271,411	269,645	291,039	250,017	
Millbrook	196,816	390,369	359,065	228,120	
Panther Creek	27,990	245,621	214,737	58,874	
Sanderson	269,656	384,415	354,314	299,757	
Southeast Raleigh	163,063	277,625	261,910	178,778	
Wake Early	5,703	14,521	19,519	705	
Wake Forest-Rolesville	171,042	393,825	381,978	182,889	
Wakefield	264,823	531,200	572,634	223,389	
Wakenelu	4,148,062	6,593,136	6,572,053	4,169,145	
	4,140,002	0,393,130	0,372,033	4,109,145	
MIDDLE SCHOOLS:					
Apex	86,267	217,566	217,832	86,001	
Carnage	43,105	87,132	79,392	50,845	
Carroll	80,934	67,975	77,280	71,629	
Centennial	25,420	78,165	65,556	38,029	
Daniels	46,598	144,335	144,176	46,757	
Davis Drive	67,382	107,493	120,673	54,202	
Dillard Drive	92,395	67,365	56,780	102,980	
Durant Road	44,471	111,478	125,445	30,504	
East Cary	-	5,970	4,818	1,152	
East Garner	44,934	80,276	57,689	67,521	
East Millbrook	20,247	128,441	138,081	10,607	
East Wake	35,638	42,260	36,276	41,622	
Fuquay-Varina	48,712	101,592	100,979	49,325	
Heritage	53,641	145,399	144,473	54,567	
Holly Ridge	84,023	83,834	82,472	85,385	
Leesville Road	3,793	164,979	107,154	61,618	
Ligon	51,883	124,313	127,554	48,642	
Lufkin Road	47,134	118,756	112,696	53,194	
Martin	51,006	101,182	98,214	53,974	
Moore Square	27,717	16,537	18,696	25,558	
North Garner	22,813	65,403	54,192	34,024	
Reedy Creek	63,211	60,826	67,435	56,602	
Salem	42,164	178,157	178,373	41,948	
Wake Forest-Rolesville	122,068	96,818	82,917	135,969	
Wakefield					
vvandiidiu	65,835	103,362	96,142	73,055	

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

	Fund Balance July 1, 2007	Revenues	Expenditures	Fund Balance June 30, 2008
Wendell	\$ -	\$ 3,114	\$ 794	\$ 2,320
West Cary	32,450	66,921	71,941	27,430
West Lake	93,146	162,287	181,985	73,448
West Millbrook	40,364	106,845	94,267	52,942
Zebulon	74,914	81,939	85,993	70,860
	1,512,265	2,920,720	2,830,275	1,602,710
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS:				
Adams	17,085	55,070	45,320	26,835
Apex	51,354	43,177	42,251	52,280
Aversboro	25,887	38,726	37,367	27,246
Baileywick	30,421	43,101	45,639	27,883
Ballentine	63,899	15,015	12,799	66,115
Baucom	71,569	41,524	38,226	74,867
Barwell Road	7,678	21,637	14,557	14,758
Brassfield	30,327	69,075	59,710	39,692
Brentwood	25,654	20,446	22,671	23,429
Briarcliff	14,771	28,940	32,296	11,415
Brier Creek	13,327	33,939	22,871	24,395
Brooks	29,050	24,848	19,338	34,560
Bugg	11,706	29,829	29,800	11,735
Carpenter	9,490	31,791	22,438	18,843
Carver	35,965	41,331	33,746	43,550
Cary	49,200	27,349	26,813	49,736
Cedar Fork	14,415	38,703	30,861	22,257
Combs	18,644	91,805	99,593	10,856
Conn	7,730	34,368	34,674	7,424
Creech Road	11,100	18,223	19,632	9,691
Davis Drive	19,521	83,123	69,722	32,922
Dillard Drive	77,344	25,210	55,088	47,466
Douglas	23,633	26,486	21,731	28,388
Douglas Discretionary Funds	3,153	1,830	114	4,869
Durant Road	24,709	54,793	60,435	19,067
East Garner	-	13,964	10,115	3,849
Farmington Woods	22,403	44,143	38,839	27,707
Forestville	16,229	29,026	41,444	3,811
Forest Pines	9,598	27,699	18,397	18,900
Fox Road	26,159	33,459	29,323	30,295
Fuller	13,891	32,502	20,013	26,380
Fuquay-Varina	7,747	53,258	48,412	12,593
Green	20,321	26,656	23,824	23,153
Green Hope	40,124	64,664	39,026	65,762
Harris Creek	24,058	57,260	51,422	29,896
Heritage	10,046	50,229	43,633	16,642
Highcroft	20,268	89,373	84,829	24,812
Hilburn	31,497	44,092	34,152	41,437
Hodge Road	20,305	15,895	30,056	6,144

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

	Fund Balance			Fund Balance
	July 1, 2007	Revenues	Expenditures	June 30, 2008
Holly Grove	\$ 5,201	\$ 46,556	\$ 42,798	\$ 8,959
Holly Ridge	53,687	40,962	42,016	52,633
Holly Springs	47,738	35,716	50,911	32,543
Hunter	30,459	45,817	29,466	46,810
Jeffreys Grove	26,639	19,682	27,982	18,339
Jones Dairy	28,302	38,637	42,088	24,851
Joyner	15,116	28,774	37,499	6,391
Kingswood	8,707	21,713	16,757	13,663
Knightdale	12,399	20,054	17,023	15,430
Lacy	14,970	87,645	72,749	29,866
Lead Mine	28,977	25,893	26,041	28,829
Leesville Road	39,128	51,468	42,022	48,574
Lincoln Heights	31,543	31,108	36,705	25,946
Lockhart	51,588	20,740	31,457	40,871
Lynn Road	2,881	25,255	17,731	10,405
Middle Creek	18,003	27,606	33,684	11,925
Millbrook	21,403	26,429	37,269	10,563
Morrisville	30,807	50,372	62,418	18,761
North Forest Pines	-	26,846	14,705	12,141
North Ridge	22,247	39,357	42,544	19,060
Northwoods	15,744	32,166	25,575	22,335
Oak Grove	32,785	75,630	80,417	27,998
Olds	28,635	27,958	19,178	37,415
Olive Chapel	108,018	84,176	99,199	92,995
Partnership Primary	5,579	22,460	15,245	12,794
Penny Road	31,368	52,749	52,536	31,581
Pleasant Union	9,688	53,179	45,404	17,463
Poe	16,401	12,906	17,316	11,991
Powell	9,248	11,728	13,435	7,541
Rand Road	38,542	47,735	51,421	34,856
Reedy Creek	43,205	45,724	47,548	41,381
River Bend	3,939	15,774	8,325	11,388
Rolesville	28,675	123,225	76,097	75,803
Root	12,087	8,293	10,151	10,229
Salem	34,346	72,736	48,933	58,149
Sanford Creek	-	18,105	15,892	2,213
Smith	16,542	10,764	11,624	15,682
Stough	8,661	43,642	26,695	25,608
Swift Creek	23,663	37,779	36,045	25,397
Timber Drive	32,703	72,369	51,006	54,066
Turner Creek	37,675	46,893	44,427	40,141
Underwood	16,090	28,023	29,415	14,698
Vance	22,328	27,517	32,375	17,470
Vandora Springs	60,528	27,066	30,565	57,029
Wake Forest	76,018	28,505	33,597	70,926
Wakefield	20,034	68,765	65,397	23,402
Wakelon	8,402	17,540	18,552	7,390
Washington	46,205	48,683	48,727	46,161
	.5,200	.5,555	.5,, 2,	.5, .5 !

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

	Fund Balance						Fu	ınd Balance
	July 1, 2	2007	Revenues		Expenditures		June 30, 2008	
Weatherstone	\$ 4	4,470	\$	36,220	\$	32,245	\$	48,445
Wendell	1.	2,461		45,443		45,267		12,637
West Lake	4	2,616		89,985		74,538		58,063
Wilburn	3	0,134		19,425		26,043		23,516
Wildwood Forest	1	6,832		83,763		99,146		1,449
Wiley	4	4,662		20,438		14,558		50,542
Willow Springs	2	8,316		46,633		46,673		28,276
Yates Mill	3	2,066		32,059		32,178		31,947
York	2	6,736		27,733		27,478		26,991
Zebulon	1	0,362		14,217		19,261		5,318
	2,51	5,837	3	,811,195		3,607,526		2,719,506
OTHER:	,							
Longview School	1	9,338		32,903		31,842		20,399
Mt. Vernon		113		11,801		10,743		1,171
Phillips High School		6,682		12,447		9,893		9,236
River Oaks		1,146		475		536		1,085
	2	7,279		57,626		53,014		31,891
TOTAL	\$ 8,20	3,443	\$ 13	,382,677	\$	13,062,868	\$	8,523,252



STATISTICAL SECTION

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL

FINANCIAL

REPORT



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Statistical Section

This section of the Board's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Board's overall financial position.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Board's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

Since the Board's revenues are primarily provided by Wake County, these schedules contain information to help the reader access Wake County's major revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

Since the Board's construction funding is primarily provided by Wake County, these schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Wake County's current levels of outstanding debt and their ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Board's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain staffing, key operating statistics comparisons and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the Board's financial report related to the services the Board provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports and budget documents for the relevant year. The Board implemented GASB 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.



$\frac{\text{NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT}}{\text{LAST SEVEN YEARS}}$

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Governmen	Bı	usiness-type Activ	ities		
Fiscal Year Ended	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of	5		Total	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of		Total
June 30,	Related Debt	Restricted	Unrestricted	Net Assets	Related Debt	Unrestricted	Net Assets
2008	\$ 2,163,062,885	\$ 8,523,252	\$(14,537,635)	\$ 2,157,048,502	\$ 6,895,575	\$ 17,461,850	\$ 24,357,425
2007	1,906,571,596	8,203,443	(8,636,100)	1,906,138,939	6,601,516	18,075,710	24,677,226
2006	1,707,105,617	8,185,487	5,878,530	1,721,169,634	2,287,185	16,625,152	18,912,337
2005	1,511,403,239	-	8,347,146	1,519,750,385	2,219,436	15,902,370	18,121,806
2004	1,403,289,473	-	17,026,939	1,420,316,412	2,483,893	13,222,825	15,706,718
2003	1,280,865,426	-	15,132,611	1,295,998,037	2,393,879	11,408,713	13,802,592
2002	1,144,447,775	10,666,039	9,369,362	1,164,483,176	2,901,624	9,306,931	12,208,555

Note: The system began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002.

$\frac{\text{EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE}}{\text{LAST SEVEN YEARS}}$

(accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses		Fiscal Year							
Covermental activities: Instructional programs Regular \$ 499,787,125 \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$			2008						2005
Regular	Expenses								
Regular	Governmental activities:								
Regular									
Special populations		\$	499,787,125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Alternative programs and services 51,795,462 -					-		-		-
School leadership					-		-		-
Co-curricular 19,897,732 -					-		-		-
School-based support services Systemwide support services Support and development 10,788,721 -					-		-		-
Systemwide support services	School-based support services				-		-		-
Support and development 10,788,721 - - -									
Special populations support and development Company			10,788,721		-		-		-
Alternative programs and services support and development 2,001,281					-		-		-
and development 2,001,281 - - Technology support 26,328,759 - - Operational support 148,183,392 - - Financial and human resource 16,757,435 - - Accountability 2,147,180 - - Systemwide pupil support 3,844,828 - - Policy, leadership and public relations 8,550,793 - - Ancillary Services 283,544 - - Instruction - 709,746,607 626,497,392 581,298,217 Support services - 269,002,952 259,029,601 236,913,262 Nonprogram charges 9,742,580 9,497,633 9,017,665 7,747,097 Interest on long-term debt - 780 487,882 1,230,508 Depreciation - unallocated 30,404,042 26,695,661 24,952,001 24,032,883 Total governmental activities expenses 1,177,221,155 1,014,943,563 919,984,541 851,221,967 Business-type activities									
Technology support			2,001,281		-		-		-
Prinancial and human resource					-		-		-
Financial and human resource Accountability Accountability Systemwide pupil support 3,844,828 Policy, leadership and public relations Ancillary Services Policy, leadership and public relations Ancillary Services 1,550,793 Policy, leadership and public relations Ancillary Services 1,500,793 Policy, leadership and public relations Ancillary Services 1,709,746,607 Policy, leadership and public relations Policy, leadership and public relations Ancillary Services Policy, leadership and public relations Policy, leadership and Policy, leadership					-		-		-
Accountability					-		-		-
Systemwide pupil support 3,844,828 -					-		-		-
Policy, leadership and public relations 8,550,793 - - - Ancillary Services 253,544 - <					-		-		-
Ancillary Services 253,544					-		-		-
Instruction					-		-		-
Support services - 269,002,952 259,029,601 236,913,262 Nonprogram charges 9,742,580 9,497,563 9,017,665 7,747,097 Interest on long-term debt - 780 487,882 1,230,508 Depreciation - unallocated 30,404,042 26,695,661 24,952,001 24,032,883 Total governmental activities expenses 1,117,421,155 1,014,943,563 919,984,541 851,221,967 Business-type activities: 45,846,155 40,130,227 36,208,155 32,275,494 Tuition programs 7,897,470 7,776,611 8,583,453 6,683,746 Print shop - - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school distric expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 92,092 1,092	•		-		709,746,607		626,497,392		581,298,217
Nonprogram charges			-						
Interest on long-term debt			9.742.580						
Depreciation - unallocated 30,404,042 26,695,661 24,952,001 24,032,883 Total governmental activities expenses 1,117,421,155 1,014,943,563 919,984,541 851,221,967 Business-type activities: 45,846,155 40,130,227 36,208,155 32,275,494 Tuition programs 7,897,470 7,776,611 8,583,453 6,683,746 Print shop - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 68,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190			-						
Total governmental activities expenses 1,117,421,155 1,014,943,563 919,984,541 851,221,967 Business-type activities: 45,846,155 40,130,227 36,208,155 32,275,494 Total programs 7,897,470 7,776,611 8,583,453 6,683,746 Print shop - - - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: Sepa,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-fultion p			30,404,042						
Business-type activities: 45,846,155 40,130,227 36,208,155 32,275,494 Tuition programs 7,897,470 7,776,611 8,583,453 6,683,746 Print shop - - - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 8,087,758 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs									
Food service 45,846,155 40,130,227 36,208,155 32,275,494 Tuition programs 7,897,470 7,776,611 8,583,453 6,683,746 Print shop - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: - 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 8,087,758 16,066,026			, , ,		, , ,				
Tuition programs 7,897,470 7,776,611 8,583,453 6,683,746 Print shop - - - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital growernmental activities 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities			45,846,155		40,130,227		36,208,155		32,275,494
Print shop - - - 1,725 Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: - 1,094,629 929,092 Charges for services 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 8,087,758 3,097,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 19,628,148 17,396,233 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Total business-type activities 53,743,625 47,906,838 44,791,608 38,960,965 Total school district expenses 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital governmental activities 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities: 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213			-		-		-		
Program revenues 1,171,164,780 1,062,850,401 964,776,149 890,182,932 Program revenues Governmental activities: 2 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 0,966,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total school district program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,33			53.743.625		47.906.838		44.791.608		
Program revenues Governmental activities: 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities program revenues 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 3,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Net (expense)/revenue 60vernmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,0									
Governmental activities: 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total school district program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841)<	·		, , - ,		, , , -				
Charges for services 853,103 910,472 1,094,629 929,092 Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total school district program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities <	_								
Operating grants and contributions 756,603,642 688,176,379 616,013,072 560,329,447 Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities program revenues 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total school district program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
Capital grants and contributions 7,387,758 3,440,673 10,502,567 62,587 Total governmental activities program revenues 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-fuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
Total governmental activities program revenues 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 Operating grants and contributions 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
program revenues 764,844,503 692,527,524 627,610,268 561,321,126 Business-type activities: 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 3,066,026 14,007,917 Operating grants and contributions 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248			7,387,758		3,440,673		10,502,567		62,587
Business-type activities: Charges for services -food services Charges for services-tuition programs Operating grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues Total school district program revenues Business-type activities Governmental activities Governmental activities Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) Capture 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 14,007,917 15,006,026 14,007,917 16,066,026 14,007,917 16,066,026 14,007,917 16,066,026 14,007,917 16,066,026 14,007,917 16,066,026 14,007,917 16,066,026 1									
Charges for services -food services 22,800,190 22,738,873 28,879,946 26,898,296 Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Operating grants and contributions 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248			764,844,503		692,527,524		627,610,268		561,321,126
Charges for services-tuition programs 9,063,099 8,087,758 16,066,026 14,007,917 Operating grants and contributions 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
Operating grants and contributions 19,628,148 17,396,233 16,066,026 14,007,917 Total business-type activities program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248							28,879,946		26,898,296
Total business-type activities program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
program revenues 51,491,437 48,222,864 44,945,972 40,906,213 Total school district program revenues 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248			19,628,148		17,396,233		16,066,026		14,007,917
Net (expense)/revenue 816,335,940 740,750,388 672,556,240 602,227,339 Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248									
Governmental activities (352,576,652) (322,416,039) (292,374,273) (289,900,841) Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248	Total school district program revenues		816,335,940		740,750,388		672,556,240		602,227,339
Business-type activities (2,252,188) 316,026 154,364 1,945,248	· · · ·								
							(292,374,273)		
Total school district net expense \$\(\frac{354,828,840}{\}\) \$\(\frac{322,100,013}{\}\) \$\(\frac{(292,219,909)}{\}\) \$\((287,955,593)\)									
	Total school district net expense	\$	(354,828,840)	\$	(322,100,013)	\$	(292,219,909)	\$	$(287,95\overline{5},593)$

All years prepared under full accrual basis are presented. The Board implemented GASB 34 in fiscal year 2002. Significant changes in function-level expenses coding classification occurred in fiscal year 2008.

	2004		2003		2002
•		•		•	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	_		_		_
	_		_		_
	_		_		_
	_		_		_
	-		_		_
	-		_		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	526,728,536		499,686,781		480,884,934
	222,483,556		213,078,903		204,269,106
	7,077,757		5,649,370		4,482,626
	1,334,307		1,455,731		243,491
	23,960,590		21,167,432		20,071,300
	781,584,746		741,038,217		709,951,457
	30,472,447		28,662,693		27,597,101
	6,669,789		5,148,918		4,546,443
	636,617		590,661		651,909
	37,778,853		34,402,272		32,795,453
	819,363,599		775,440,489		742,746,910
	, ,		, ,		
	1,101,657		780,885		2,671,904
	515,294,495		486,341,647		470,791,212
	436,798		67,685		104,774
	516,832,950		487,190,217		473,567,890
	25,834,374		24,866,619		21,780,687
	12,679,641		10,714,253		10,307,000
	38,514,015		35,580,872		32,087,687
	555,346,965		522,771,089		505,655,577
	(264,751,796)		(253,848,000)		(236,383,567)
	735,162		1,178,600		(707,766)
\$	(264,016,634)	\$	(252,669,400)	\$	(237,091,333)
	-				

GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET ASSETS LAST SEVEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2007	2006	2005				
Net (expense)/revenue								
Governmental activities	\$ (352,576,652)	\$ (322,416,039)	\$ (292,374,273)	\$ (289,900,841)				
Business-type activities	(2,252,188)	316,026	154,364	1,945,248				
Total school district net expense	(354,828,840)	(322,100,013)	(292,219,909)	(287,955,593)				
General revenues and other changes								
in Net Assets								
Governmental activities:								
Unrestricted county appropriations-								
operating	296,964,799	274,229,013	251,247,744	233,570,793				
Unrestricted county appropriations -								
capital	280,960,672	227,836,179	227,358,357	142,056,287				
Unrestricted state appropriation -								
capital	14,853,397	-	-	1,368,603				
Investment earnings, unrestricted	3,686,700	3,724,919	2,528,306	1,843,816				
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	8,034,792	6,161,693	10,831,136	10,571,156				
Transfer	(1,014,145)	(4,566,460)	(75,762)	(75,841)				
Total governmental activities	603,486,215	507,385,344	491,889,781	389,334,814				
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings, unrestricted	918,242	951,692	560,405	393,999				
Loss on sale of capital assets	-	(69,289)	-	-				
Transfer	1,014,145	4,566,460	75,762	75,841				
Total business-type activities	1,932,387	5,448,863	636,167	469,840				
Total school district	605,418,602	512,834,207	492,525,948	389,804,654				
Change in net assets								
Governmental activities	250,909,563	184,969,305	199,515,508	99,433,973				
Business-type activities	(319,801)	5,764,889	790,531	2,415,088				
Total school district	\$ 250,589,762	\$ 190,734,194	\$ 200,306,039	\$ 101,849,061				

All years prepared under full accrual basis are presented. The Board implemented GASB 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Fiscal Year									
2004	2003	2002							
\$ (264,751,796)	\$ (253,848,000)	\$ (236,383,567)							
735,162	1,178,600	(707,766)							
(264,016,634)	(252,669,400)	(237,091,333)							
223,700,000	202,999,990	194,529,610							
220,700,000	202,000,000	10 1,020,010							
153,394,820	167,596,189	131,388,257							
, ,		, ,							
4,338,486	5,244,967	9,525,356							
1,906,244	2,470,238	3,236,177							
6,551,451	7,115,900	7,557,832							
(820,830)	(67,423)								
389,070,171	385,359,861	346,237,232							
348,134	348,014	383,950							
-	07.400								
820,830	67,423	-							
1,168,964	415,437	383,950							
390,239,135	385,775,298	346,621,182							
124,318,375	131,511,861	109,853,665							
1,904,126	1,594,037	(323,816)							
\$ 126,222,501	\$ 133,105,898	\$ 109,529,849							

$\frac{\text{FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}{\text{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}$

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004			
General fund								
Reserved	\$ 11,396,146	\$ 11,498,660	\$ 12,007,123	\$ 12,956,900	\$ 14,175,112			
Unreserved								
Designated	8,289,294	13,496,165	8,433,413	8,066,696	15,511,983			
Undesignated	17,331,201	15,333,685	22,208,771	15,893,117	9,980,752			
Total general fund	\$ 37,016,641	\$ 40,328,510	\$ 42,649,307	\$ 36,916,713	\$ 39,667,847			
All other governmental funds								
Reserved	\$ 2,621,011	\$ 2,886,995	\$ 9,365,049	\$ 4,897,467	\$ 6,548,059			
Unreserved								
Designated								
Capital projects fund	-	-	587,412	2,000,000	-			
Undesignated								
Individual schools fund	8,523,252	8,203,443	8,185,487	7,563,138	7,006,723			
Capital projects fund	2,367,719	313,721	673,596	587,412	2,229,032			
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 13,511,982	\$ 11,404,159	\$ 18,811,544	\$ 15,048,017	\$ 15,783,814			

Fiscal	l Year

2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
\$ 14,937,801	\$ 12,222,449	\$ 16,586,685	\$ 11,657,328	\$ 12,203,185
8,372,177	11,204,829	7,129,374	1,658,926	9,684,184
17,192,374	16,121,162	12,278,509	17,156,880	13,486,465
\$ 40,502,352	\$ 39,548,440	\$ 35,994,568	\$ 30,473,134	\$ 35,373,834
\$ 1,597,379	\$ 1,565,227	\$ 3,701,428	\$ 5,600,500	\$ 2,050,961
-	-	3,441,573	1,516,640	1,189,187
6,967,157	6,947,428	6,708,122	5,254,191	4,295,314
4,058,638	3,164,465	742,592	730,541	373,810
\$12,623,174	\$ 11,677,120	\$ 14,593,715	\$13,101,872	\$ 7,909,272

$\frac{\texttt{GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE}}{\texttt{LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS}}$

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	State		County Appropriation	County Capital Improvements	Fines and Forfeitures	Federal
2008	\$	706,587,394	\$ 300,744,100	\$ 277,181,371	\$ 4,163,007	\$ 50,122,511
2007		622,386,114	275,827,002	226,402,201	4,964,660	49,395,645
2006		552,196,750	254,376,000	224,230,100	6,604,711	50,736,486
2005		500,863,537	233,570,793	142,056,287	3,857,772	46,268,755
2004		464,651,464	223,700,000	153,394,820	3,984,824	41,278,288
2003		442,874,719	202,999,990	167,528,766	3,002,434	34,866,434
2002		432,238,355	194,529,610	131,388,257	4,609,809	32,779,104
2001		451,647,028	181,140,514	70,436,231	3,535,425	26,467,265
2000		426,076,231	148,440,272	107,370,237	2,489,408	21,226,667
1999		370,421,837	133,584,000	146,726,034	2,655,573	16,426,140

	Interest	Other	Total			
\$	3,678,932	\$ 32,477,591	\$ 1,374,954,906			
	3,674,519	25,460,444	1,208,110,585			
	2,573,801	35,293,414	1,126,011,262			
	1,793,600	14,512,755	942,923,499			
	1,891,545	10,982,853	899,883,794			
	2,470,137	11,703,367	865,445,847			
	3,236,177	24,606,194	823,387,506			
	3,615,889	9,503,556	746,345,908			
	3,542,454	12,184,611	721,329,880			
	3,401,115	12,091,010	685,305,709			

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION PER PUPIL AND IN TOTAL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Average Daily Membership	Instructional Services	Systemwide Support Services	Ancillary Services	Nonprogram Charges	Instru	ıction
2008	134,002	\$ 6,314 846,087,326	\$ 1,648 220,789,998	2 \$ 253,509	86 \$ 11,519,845	\$	-
2007	128,070	- -	-	- -	- -	693,0	5,411 44,004
2006	120,379	- -	-	- -	- -	612,1	5,085 34,239
2005	114,068	- -	- -	- -	- -	563,3	4,939 88,558
2004	108,970	-	-	- -	- -	517,1	4,746 31,365
2003	104,373	-	-	-	- -	484,1	4,639 86,512
2002	101,397	-	-	- -	- -	468,5	4,621 33,789
2001	97,583	-	-	- -	- -	448,6	4,597 05,074
2000	94,353	-	-	-	-	408,6	4,331 44,251
1999	91,580	-	-	- -	-	366,0	3,997 58,119

Significant changes in function-level expenses coding classification occurred in fiscal year 2008.

Pupil and Instructional Services	Administration and Business	Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Other	Total
-	-	11	2,209	-	10,270
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,415,413	\$ 296,001,716	\$ -	\$ 1,376,067,807
97	1,514	1	1,832	566	9,421
12,374,956	193,889,905	109,073	234,655,146	72,424,079	1,206,497,163
95	1,441	5	1,968	572	9,166
11,421,250	173,463,534	556,992	236,915,221	68,828,783	1,103,320,019
105	1,411	12	1,276	555	8,298
11,979,497	160,969,303	1,365,812	145,514,650	63,339,246	946,557,066
95	1,383	13	1,481	528	8,246
10,376,118	150,673,320	1,391,607	161,367,459	57,582,450	898,522,319
79	1,347	14	1,690	534	8,303
8,227,984	140,572,412	1,503,647	176,360,895	55,769,882	866,621,332
83	1,331	19	1,414	521	7,989
8,379,383	134,949,602	1,912,896	143,424,082	52,813,289	810,013,041
75	1,240	37	1,144	523	7,616
7,325,884	121,024,690	3,573,154	111,659,932	51,082,865	743,271,599
69	1,147	33	1,626	430	7,636
6,553,096	108,178,786	3,073,589	153,437,222	40,591,236	720,478,180
63	1,063	22	1,891	463	7,499
5,786,761	97,344,423	2,016,575	173,143,329	42,401,750	686,750,957

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	Transfers In	Transfers out	Installment Purchase and Capitalized Leases	Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	Net Change In Fund Balance	Debt Service As A Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures
2008	\$ (1,112,901)	\$ 6,001,775	\$ (6,001,775)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,112,901)	0.1306%
2007	(11,745,935)	4,814,767	(4,814,767)	1,932,850	1,932,850	(9,813,085)	0.0736%
2006	9,239,488	10,429,873	(10,429,873)	-	-	9,239,488	0.2268%
2005	(3,077,152)	4,033,616	(3,976,078)	-	57,538	(3,019,614)	0.1705%
2004	1,401,041	7,524,462	(7,524,462)	244,494	244,494	1,645,535	0.1888%
2003	(1,155,756)	3,058,105	(3,058,105)	2,584,150	2,584,150	1,428,394	0.2178%
2002	827,068	3,204,753	(3,204,753)	197,082	197,082	1,024,150	0.2870%
2001	4,528,240	3,163,509	(3,163,509)	2,456,150	2,456,150	6,984,390	0.5657%
2000	1,810,577	3,553,827	(3,553,827)	89,082	89,082	1,899,659	0.5420%
1999	(2,960,567)	2,798,916	(2,798,916)	4,483,724	4,483,724	1,523,157	0.3926%

ENTERPRISE FUND EXPENSES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Employee Salaries	Benefits	Food	Donated Commodities	Indirect Costs	Other	Total
2008	\$ 19,150,138	\$ 5,260,983	\$ 16,297,770	\$ 2,152,435	\$ 3,616,206	\$ 7,266,093	\$ 53,743,625
2007	16,412,178	5,087,746	14,074,390	1,802,152	3,556,706	6,973,666	47,906,838
2006	14,754,445	4,543,460	12,481,744	1,649,019	3,849,726	7,513,214	44,791,608
2005	13,608,931	3,914,007	11,105,915	1,431,714	3,066,313	5,832,360	38,959,240
2004	13,336,985	3,469,277	10,187,202	1,663,322	3,091,723	6,030,344	37,778,853
2003	12,741,778	3,128,850	9,884,383	1,335,204	2,730,192	4,581,865	34,402,272
2002	12,422,508	3,188,022	9,322,349	1,388,357	2,329,565	4,144,652	32,795,453
2001	11,819,135	2,934,167	9,107,230	1,176,275	2,340,863	4,631,334	32,009,004
2000	10,974,128	2,892,360	8,800,178	1,022,762	1,973,022	3,471,357	29,133,807
1999	7,246,219	2,120,885	8,257,202	1,004,370	1,308,195	2,204,053	22,140,924

ENTERPRISE FUND REVENUES AND TRANSFERS IN BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year										
Ended	Food Sa	les	Participant	Fees	l	JSDA Reimbı	ursement	D	onated Com	nmodities
June 30,	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
2008	\$ 22,800,190	42.68%	\$ 9,063,099	16.96%	\$	17,524,774	32.80%	\$	2,152,435	4.03%
2007	22,738,873	42.37	8,087,758	15.07		15,475,657	28.83		1,802,152	3.36
2006	21,117,778	46.33	7,762,168	17.03		14,309,759	31.39		1,649,019	3.62
2005	19,755,708	47.68	7,142,588	17.24		12,508,106	30.19		1,431,714	3.46
2004	18,422,471	46.42	6,724,366	16.95		10,888,909	27.44		1,663,322	4.19
2003	17,555,871	48.68	6,742,024	18.69		9,119,916	25.29		1,335,204	3.70
2002	16,644,230	51.26	4,501,694	13.86		8,432,761	25.97		1,827,158	5.63
2001	16,548,073	51.96	5,298,301	16.63		7,518,059	23.60		1,176,275	3.70
2000	15,240,881	52.22	5,348,346	18.32		7,132,514	24.44		1,022,762	3.50
1999	14,166,860	63.42	-	-		6,817,101	30.52		1,004,370	4.49

Transfe	ers	Othe	er	Total			
Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
\$ 1,014,145	1.90%	\$ 869,181	1.63%	\$ 53,423,824	100%		
4,566,460	8.51	1,000,827	1.86	53,671,727	100		
75,762	0.16	667,653	1.47	45,582,139	100		
133,379	0.32	462,096	1.11	41,433,591	100		
820,830	2.07	1,163,081	2.93	39,682,979	100		
67,423	0.19	1,243,294	3.45	36,063,732	100		
-	-	1,065,794	3.28	32,471,637	100		
-	-	1,308,668	4.11	31,849,376	100		
-	-	442,886	1.52	29,187,389	100		
-	-	352,523	1.57	22,340,854	100		



ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY FOR WAKE COUNTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Amounts Expressed in Millions)

Fiscal Year			Public		County- wide	Special Tax	Average County
Ended	Real	Personal	Service		Tax	Districts	Tax
June 30,	Property	Property	Companies	Total	Rate (3)	Tax Rate (3)	Rate (3)
2008	\$ 66,679,502,469	\$13,556,157,155	\$2,887,291,656	\$83,122,951,280	\$ 0.678	\$ 0.100	\$ 0.778
2007	62,996,405,923	12,506,221,915	3,341,976,693	78,844,604,531	0.634	0.100	0.734
2006	59,644,957,346	12,084,539,414	3,405,223,801	75,134,720,561	0.604	0.100	0.704
2005	56,733,308,581	10,954,988,975	3,436,614,540	71,124,912,096	0.604	0.100	0.704
							0.704 0.664
							0.654
	, , ,						0.634
							0.815
1999	27,626,003,323	8,515,277,492	2,809,577,045	38,950,857,860	0.63	.021110	0.712
2004 2003 2002 2001 2000 1999	54,347,709,322 51,858,523,059 49,086,983,833 46,042,127,552 29,470,677,149 27,626,003,323	10,601,740,204 10,521,444,050 10,391,893,495 9,778,590,453 9,153,582,837 8,515,277,492	3,477,604,369 4,074,884,981 3,887,953,582 3,704,776,332 2,834,533,948 2,809,577,045	68,427,053,895 66,454,852,090 63,366,830,910 59,525,494,337 41,458,793,934 38,950,857,860	0.604 0.564 0.564 0.564 0.73 0.63	0.100 0.100 0.090 0.070 0.085	

Notes:

- (1) All taxable property is subject to the county-wide tax. Most property in unincorporated areas is subject to special district taxes. The County's property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the County except for certain registered motor vehicles which are assessed and collected throughout the year. Assessed valuations are established by the Board of County Commissioners at 100% of estimated market value for real property and 100% of actual value for personal property. Public service company property is certified by the State of North Carolina at 100% of actual value, with no distinction between real and personal property values.
- (2) A revaluation of real property is required by N.C. General Statutes at least every eight years. The last revaluation was completed for tax fiscal year 2001.
- (3) Per \$1000 of value.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS FOR WAKE COUNTY (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Taxes Lev	vied by Wake	County	Direct and Overlapping Taxes Levied by Municipalities						
Fiscal Year		Various	Average	Town	Town	Town	Town	Town of	Town	Town of
Ended	County-	Special Tax	County	of	of	of	of	Fuquay-	of	Holly
June 30,	Wide Rate	Districts	Rate	Angier	Apex	Cary	Clayton	Varina	Garner	Springs
2008	\$.678	\$.080	\$.758	\$.53	\$.40	\$.52	\$.54	\$.52	\$.575	\$.530
2007	.634	.100	.734	.53	.40	.42	.49	.52	.575	.53
2006	.604	.100	.704	.50	.40	.42	0	.52	.56	.53
2005	.604	.100	.704	.46	.40	.42	-	.52	.56	.53
2004	.604	.100	.704	0	.40	.42	-	.52	.56	.53
2003	.564	.100	.664	-	.40	.42	-	.52	.56	.53
2002	.564	.090	.654	-	.40	.42	-	.49	.52	.53
2001 (2)	.564	.070	.634	-	.42	.43	-	.49	.52	.53
2000	.73	.085	.815	-	.52	.54	-	.59	.64	.62
1999	.63	.0610	.719	-	.52	.54	-	.59	.64	.62

Notes: (1) All taxable property is subject to the county-wide tax. Most property in unincorporated areas is also subject to special district taxes.

⁽²⁾ A revaluation of real property is required by North Carolina General Statutes at least every eight years. Revaluation was completed for fiscal year 2001.

Direct and Overlapping Taxes Levied by Municipalities							
Town	Town	City	Town	Town	Town	Town	
of	of	of	of	of	of	of	
Knightdale	Morrisville	Raleigh	Rolesville	Wake Forest	Wendell	Zebulon	
\$.50	\$.468	\$.435	\$.515	\$.550	\$.540	\$.55	
.50	.468	.435	.485	.54	.54	.50	
.50	.468	.395	.485	.54	.54	.49	
.50	.47	.395	.485	.54	.54	.48	
.48	.47	.385	.485	.53	.54	.48	
.46	.47	.385	.485	.52	.54	.48	
.44	.47	.385	.485	.52	.54	.46	
.44	.47	.385	.485	.50	.54	.46	
.53	.60	.525	.62	.60	.59	.525	
.52	.60	.525	.62	.56	.59	.525	

TEN PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS FOR WAKE COUNTY CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fiscal Year 2008		Fiscal Year 1999			
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.	\$1,693,608,662	1	2.04 %	\$ -		- %
Cisco Systems, Inc.	523,663,992	2	0.63	375,509,383	2	0.45
SAS Institute Inc	318,149,338	3	.38	286,136,802	5	0.34
Bellsouth Tel Co	254,470,658	4	0.31	329,649,564	3	0.40
NC Eastern Municipal Power Agency	238,719,791	5	0.29	321,779,094	4	0.39
Weeks Realty LP	223,226,136	6	0.27	269,314,407	6	0.32
Smithkline Beecham Corporation	220,149,701	7	0.26	133,514,091	10	.16
Highwoods Realty Ltd Partnership	175,116,146	8	0.21	165,141,699	8	0.20
CVM Holdings LLC	172,726,420	9	0.21	173,085,658	7	0.21
Summit Properties Partnership LP	166,887,397	10	0.20	-	-	-
Carolina Power & Light	-			1,523,344,283	1	1.83
Public Service Co of NC Inc				150,686,129	9	0.18
	\$3,986,718,241	:	4.80 %	\$3,728,161,110	:	4.30 %

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS FOR WAKE COUNTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Collected w	ithin the			
Fiscal	Taxes Levied			Fiscal Year o	f the Levy		Total Collection	ns to Date
Year	for the		Total		Percentage	Collections in		Percentage
Ended	Fiscal Year		Adjusted		of Original	Subsequent		of Adjusted
June 30,	(Original Levy)	Adjustments	Ĺevy	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy
		1	-					
2008	\$ 582,905,166	\$ (4,123,930)	\$ 578,781,236	\$ 571,250,089	98.70%	\$ -	\$571,250,089	98.70%
2007	518,390,324	(3,827,251)	514,563,073	508,311,272	98.79%	4,326,058	512,637,330	99.63%
2006	471,423,336	(4,606,253)	466,817,083	461,233,986	98.80%	4,474,557	465,708,543	99.76%
2005	447,296,073	(2,915,368)	444,380,705	439,305,034	98.86%	4,178,239	443,483,273	99.80%
2004	429,108,412	(2,841,221)	426,267,191	421,511,979	98.88%	3,968,262	425,480,241	99.82%
	0,.00,	(=,0,== .)	0,_0.,.0.	,,	00.0070	0,000,00	0, .00,	00.0270
2003	388,161,413	(2,532,263)	385,629,150	379,113,991	98.31%	5,688,754	384,802,745	99.79%
2002	371,311,309	(4,175,679)	367,135,630	360,581,007	98.21%	4,562,795	365,143,802	99.46%
0004	040 750 540	(0.055.047)	045 707 700	040 045 005	00.540/	4 500 047	0.45 470 740	00.000/
2001	349,753,540	(3,955,817)	345,797,723	340,645,895	98.51%	4,526,817	345,172,712	99.82%
2000	309,811,633	(2,110,379)	307,701,254	302,815,101	98.41%	4,221,088	307,036,189	99.78%
1999	253,279,255	(1,158,536)	252,120,719	247,636,243	98.22%	4,019,324	356,520,352	99.78%

Notes:

Taxes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 at the collection rate of 98.70% are a composite of the following

collections by category: Vehicle taxes

89.97%

Real and personal property taxes

99.59%

Amounts included above represent taxes in the General Fund and Special Tax District Fund.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE FOR WAKE COUNTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities Fiscal General Quality Clean Year General Obligation Zoning Water Ended Obligation Commercial Installment Academy Revolving Capital Bonds June 30, Paper Purchases **Bonds** Loans Leases 2008 1,434,595,000 \$ 8,472,500 \$ 1,471,155 \$ \$ 419,418 2007 1,505,200,000 7,778,972 1,634,616 571,090 2006 1,020,850,000 58,250,000 7,763,477 1,798,077 237,923 733,181 2005 1,049,485,000 8,570,962 1,961,538 475,843 607,239 2004 1,123,210,000 9,474,957 200,710 2,124,999 713,763 2003 926,625,000 2,288,460 118,956 951,683 2002 782,130,000 1,189,604 86,536 2001 637,515,000 1,427,525 303,265 2000 516,895,000 143,112 1,665,445 605,595 1999 529,295,000 418,700 1,903,365 1,000,769

Notes:

2005 and 2006 ratios are calculated using 2004 personal income.

Business-Type Activities

		Activities				
Total Governmental Activities		Revenue Bonds		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
\$	1,444,958,073	\$ -	\$	1,444,958,073	4.61%	\$ 1,643.30
	1,515,184,678	-		1,515,184,678	5.30%	1,819
	1,089,632,658	-		1,089,632,658	4.12%	1,385.38
	1,061,100,582	-		1,061,100,582	4.01%	1,413.17
	1,135,724,429	-		1,135,724,429	4.30%	1,577.02
	929,984,099	6,998,403		936,982,502	3.80%	1,340.62
	783,406,140	10,287,604		793,693,744	3.30%	1,169.90
	639,245,790	13,441,805		652,687,595	2.73%	992.32
	519,309,152	16,476,006		535,785,158	2.35%	846.00
	532,617,834	19,390,207		552,008,041	2.69%	900.90

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING FOR WAKE COUNTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding General Total Percentage of Less: General Obligation Actual Taxable Amounts General Commercial Fiscal Obligation Restricted to Bonded Value of Per Year Bonds Paper Repaying Principal Debt Property Capita 2008 1,434,595,000 (100,047,606) 1,334,547,394 1.61% \$ 1,517.74 2007 1,505,200,000 (99,367,454) 1.78% 1,687.73 1,405,832,546 2006 1,020,850,000 58,280,000 (63,781,795)1,015,348,205 1.35% 1,290.90 2005 1,049,485,000 (59,356,526)1,318.65 990,128,474 1.39% 2004 1,071,206,944 1,123,210,000 (52,003,056) 1.57% 1,487.44 2003 926,625,000 (39,601,655) 887,023,345 1.33% 1,269.14 2002 782,130,000 (21,797,140)760,332,860 1.20% 1,120.73 2001 637,515,000 637,515,000 1.07% 969.25 2000 516,895,000 516,895,000 1.25% 816.18

529,295,000

1.36%

863.83

Source: Wake County, North Carolina, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2008

1999

529,295,000

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT FOR WAKE COUNTY AS OF JUNE 30, 2008

			Estimated	
		Estimated	Share of Direct and	
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping	
	Outstanding	Applicable	Debt	
Municipality:	Odisianding	Арріїсавіс	DCDI	
Apex	\$ 12,640,000	100%	\$ 12,640,000	
Cary	134,643,399	100%	134,643,399	
Fuquay-Varina	7,650,000	100%	7,650,000	
Garner	680,000	100%	680,000	
Holly Springs	16,420,400	100%	16,420,400	
Knightdale	5,082,283	100%	5,082,283	
Morrisville	12,936,923	100%	12,936,923	
Raleigh	185,435,000	100%	185,435,000	
Rolesville	539,448	100%	539,448	
Wake Forest	10,986,359	100%	10,986,359	
Wendell	396,742	100%	396,742	
Zebulon	6,040,000	100%	6,040,000	
Overlapping debt	393,450,554		393,450,554	
Direct debt	1,444,958,073		1,444,958,073	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 1,838,408,627		\$ 1,838,408,627	

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION FOR WAKE COUNTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2007	2006	2005	
Assessed value of property	\$ 83,122,951,280	\$ 78,844,604,531	\$ 75,134,720,561	\$ 71,124,912,096	
Debt limit, 8% of assessed value (Statutory Limitation)	6,649,836,102	6,307,568,362	6,010,777,645	5,689,992,968	
Amount of debt applicable to limit General obligation bonds General obligation commercial paper Less: Resources restricted to paying	1,434,595,000 -	1,505,200,000	1,020,850,000 58,250,000	1,049,485,000	
Principal	(100,047,606)	(99,367,454)	(63,781,795)	(59, 356, 526)	
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,334,547,394	1,405,832,546	1,015,318,205	990,128,474	
Legal debt margin	\$ 5,315,288,708	\$ 4,901,735,816	\$ 4,995,459,440	\$ 4,699,864,494	
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	20.07%	22.29%	16.89%	17.40%	

Note: The County is subject to the Local Government Bond Act of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt the County may have outstanding to 8 percent of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the county's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the county's legal borrowing authority.

Fiscal Year

			ai i cai		
2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
\$ 68,427,053,895	\$ 66,454,852,090	\$ 63,366,830,910	\$ 59,525,494,337	\$ 41,458,793,934	\$ 38,950,857,860
Ψ 00,427,000,000	Ψ 00,404,002,000	Ψ 00,000,000,010	Ψ 00,020,404,007	Ψ +1,+00,7 00,00+	Ψ 00,000,007,000
5,474,164,312	5,316,388,167	5,069,346,473	4,762,039,547	3,316,703,515	3,116,068,629
1,123,210,000	926,625,000	782,130,000	637,515,000	516,895,000	529,295,000
1,123,210,000	926,625,000	762,130,000	637,515,000	510,695,000	529,295,000
-	-	-	-	-	-
(52,003,056)	(39,601,655)	(21,797,140)	-	-	-
1,071,206,944	887,023,345	760,332,860	637,515,000	516,895,000	529,295,000
.,0,=00,0	00: 10=010:10	. 00,00=,000	33. 10.01000	3.0,000,000	020,200,000
\$ 4,402,957,368	\$ 4,429,364,822	\$ 4,309,013,613	\$ 4,124,524,547	\$ 2,799,808,515	\$ 2,586,773,629
\$ 4,402,937,308	\$ 4,429,304,62Z	\$ 4,309,013,013	φ 4,124,524,547	\$ 2,799,808,313	\$ 2,586,773,629
19.57%	16.68%	15.00%	13.39%	15.58%	16.99%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS FOR WAKE COUNTY LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population Estimates	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2008	879,301	*	*	134,002	4.8%
2007	820,522	*	*	128,070	3.9%
2006	786,522	\$ 31,365,979	\$ 39,497	119,306	3.5%
2005	750,865	28,609,355	37,851	113,547	4.0%
2004	720,170	26,438,008	36,479	108,620	4.2%
2003	698,917	24,634,866	35,064	104,373	5.2%
2002	678,426	24,024,425	35,267	101,397	5.6%
2001	657,738	23,901,757	36,242	97,583	4.0%
2000	633,313	22,767,434	35,931	94,353	2.4%
1999	612,728	20,486,325	33,435	92,865	1.4%

^{*} Information not yet available

Source: Wake County, North Carolina, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2008.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR WAKE COUNTY CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2008			1999	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
State of North Carolina	25,458	1	5.98%	23,230	1	6.46%
Wake County Public Schools	16,566	2	3.89%	12,500	3	3.47%
International Business Machines (IBM)	10,800	3	2.54%	13,000	2	3.61%
North Carolina State University	8,000	4	1.88%	7,787	4	2.16%
WakeMed Health and Hospitals	6,893	5	1.62%	5,000	5	1.39%
GlaxoSmithKline, Inc.	6,400	6	1.50%	4,800	7	1.33%
Progress Energy	3,246	7	0.76%	3,428	10	0.95%
Rex Healthcare	4,400	8	1.03%	3,779	8	1.05%
SAS Institute, Inc.	4,149	9	0.98%	3,600	9	1.00%
University of North Carolina	3,058	10	0.72%			
NORTEL/Northern Telecom, Inc.	- 88,970	-	20.90%	4,848 81,972	6	1.35% 22.77%

Source: Wake County, North Carolina, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2008

FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
School & School Based Suppo	ort									
Principals	152	147	138	132	125	123	122	118	111	106
Assistant Principals,										
Nonteaching	286	262	236	228	210	209	184	168	167	154
Elementary Teachers	4,036	3,274	2,750	2,592	2,416	2,160	3,033	3,032	2,926	2,810
Secondary Teachers	3,517	2,861	2,781	2,660	2,518	2,298	2,741	3,000	2,873	2,756
Other Teachers	1,651	2,467	2,592	2,488	2,320	2,292	598	326	173	90
Guidance	311	296	276	262	260	259	242	225	220	215
Psychological	61	74	72	71	65	56	46	48	44	45
Librarian, Audiovisual	201	195	183	176	168	171	152	141	141	144
Consultant, Supervisor	86	99	103	101	96	108	104	77	81	66
Teacher Assistants	2,292	2,191	1,907	1,852	1,727	1,700	1,417	1,587	1,587	1,718
Total School & School										
Based Support	12,593	11,866	11,038	10,562	9,905	9,376	8,639	8,722	8,323	8,104
Central Services										
Administrators, Managers	19	16	17	19	19	24	17	16	15	26
Technicians	98	94	106	106	99	124	82	55	56	61
Clerical, Secretarial	1,071	945	899	879	837	878	797	699	695	669
Service Workers	2,132	2,023	2,016	1,981	1,850	1,844	1,662	1,655	1,636	1,616
Skilled Crafts	164	148	130	126	124	175	94	166	185	179
Other Professionals	489	663	648	606	575	556	414	320	301	280
Laborers, Unskilled							63	4	5	5
Total Central Services	3,973	3,889	3,816	3,717	3,504	3,601	3,129	2,915	2,893	2,836
Total Full Time Employees	16,566	15,755	14,854	14,279	13,409	12,977	11,768	11,637	11,216	10,940

Source: Wake County Public Schools Human Resources Department

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Percentage Increase In Enrollment	Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Schools	Graduating Class
2008	134,002	4.63%	\$ 1,080,066,091	\$ 8,060	6.22%	153	7,756
2007	128,070	6.39%	971,842,017	7,588	5.43%	147	7,249
2006	120,379	5.53%	866,404,798	7,197	2.49	139	6,804
2005	114,068	4.68%	801,042,416	7,022	3.80	132	6,215
2004	108,970	4.40%	737,154,860	6,765	2.30	125	6,071
2003	104,373	2.93%	690,260,437	6,613	0.59	123	5,431
2002	101,397	3.91%	666,588,959	6,574	1.56	122	5,406
2001	97,583	3.42%	631,611,667	6,473	7.70	120	5,140
2000	94,353	3.03%	567,040,958	6,010	7.17	115	4,804
1999	91,580	2.27%	513,607,628	5,608	10.00	107	4,437

Source: Wake County Public Schools Growth Management Department



TEACHER BASE SALARIES LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Minimum Salary		Maximum Salary	System Average Salary	
2008	\$ 33,691.90	\$	77,436.80	\$	45,368.70
2007	32,287.60		74,191.20		43,952.00
2006	29,673.80		69,401.00		41,290.80
2005	28,724.60		68,096.20		40,299.00
2004	28,532.50		67,665.20		40,025.40
2003	28,153.80		67,528.40		39,849.90
2002	28,153.80		67,528.40		39,849.90
2001	27,750.00		66,320.88		39,278.80
2000	26,695.50		62,621.35		37,787.20
1999	25,641.00		59,878.40		35,289.90

Source: Wake County Public Schools Human Resources Department

CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Cabaala					
Schools					
Elementary	214	209	204	202	201
Buildings					
Square feet	8,173,730	7,410,687	7,024,803	6,814,920	6,674,075
Capacity	70,674	68,484	55,572	52,575	49,452
Enrollment	67,468	65,641	58,220	54,731	52,221
Mobile classrooms	696	636	613	402	352
Middle					
Buildings	104	102	102	99	97
Square feet	4,652,335	4,482,347	4,479,713	4,360,162	4,290,499
Capacity	32,316	30,818	28,099	27,670	27,148
Enrollment	30,813	29,895	27,686	26,647	25,947
Mobile classrooms	193	217	173	122	132
High					
Buildings	209	209	203	203	196
Square feet	5,966,408	5,620,679	5,288,295	5,178,676	4,640,956
Capacity	41,862	39,607	34,270	33,589	30,486
Enrollment	39,075	38,127	34,284	32,351	30,433
Mobile classrooms	302	243	221	185	163
Special					
Buildings	7	7	7	6	5
Square feet	195,471	195,877	195,877	122,032	122,032
Capacity	422	422	471	418	685
Enrollment	350	339	314	329	369
Mobile classrooms	1	1	-	-	-
A desiralatanti va					
Administrative	00	00	0.4	0.4	00
Buildings	23	22	21	21	20
Square Feet	523,725	491,868	444,620	444,620	432,231
Transportation					
Buses	874	838	798	767	747

Source: Wake County Public Schools Facility, Transportation and Growth Management Departments

2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
192	184	179	175	168
6,220,015	5,927,268	5,633,380	5,517,459	5,207,121
48,925	51,068	50,381	49,683	*
50,431	49,635	48,514	48,151	47,114
336	312	293	283	312
96	92	90	90	88
4,097,391	3,539,558	3,345,440	3,345,440	3,146,534
26,436	24,952	24,163	21,744	*
25,225	24,415	23,166	21,848	20,805
153	125	112	123	89
192	191	190	185	178
4,368,488	4,345,450	4,256,819	3,972,213	3,925,028
30,382	27,454	27,105	25,086	*
28,420	27,032	25,661	24,622	23,769
158	121	112	[^] 118	102
4	4	4	4	4
75,294	61,805	61,805	61,805	61,805
481	402	526	355	*
297	315	242	229	223
-	-	-	-	-
20	20	20	20	20
432,231	432,231	432,231	432,231	432,231
731	714	713	693	694
131	7 14	113	093	094



SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL

FINANCIAL

REPORT



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Single Audit Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wake County Board of Education Raleigh, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wake County Board of Education (the "Board") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Board's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Board's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Board's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as findings 08-01 and 08-02 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Board's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Board's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Board's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of the Board, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CHERRY, BEKAERT & HOLLAND, L.L.P.

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Raleigh, North Carolina November 11, 2008



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Wake County Board of Education Raleigh, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wake County Board of Education (the "Board") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The Board's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Board's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Board's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Board's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of the Board, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

CHERRY, BEKAERT & HOLLAND, L.L.P.

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Raleigh, North Carolina November 11, 2008



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Wake County Board of Education Raleigh, North Carolina

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wake County Board of Education (the "Board"), with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that are applicable to each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The Board's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major State programs is the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Board's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Board's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 08-03 and 08-04.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to State programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a State program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Board's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented or detected by the Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The Board's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Board's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, members of the Board, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

CHERRY, BEKAERT & HOLLAND, L.L.P.

Rules + Halus Lig.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 11, 2008

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' opinion is	ssued: <i>Unqualified</i>		
Internal control over finance	ial reporting:		
Material weakness	(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant Deficien that are not conside material weakness 	ered to be	_X_yes	none reported
Noncompliance materia statements noted?	al to financial	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major	federal programs:		
Material weakness	(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant Deficien that are not conside material weaknesse 	ered to be	yes	X_none reported
Type of auditors' repor	t issued on compliance for maj	jor programs: <i>Unqu</i>	ualified
Any audit findings disclered to be reported with Section 510(a) of	d in accordance	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major fede	ral programs:		
CFDA Numbers 10.553, 10.555,	Names of Federal Program of Child Nutrition Cluster	or Cluster	
10.559 10.550	Donated Commodities		

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$ <u>2,092,645</u>					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X_yes	no				
State Awards						
Internal control over major State programs:						
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes	<u>X</u> no				
 Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yes	X_none reported				
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for	r major State pro	ograms: <i>Unqualified</i>				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	<u>X</u> yes	no				
Identification of major State programs:						
Program Name State Public School Fund School Technology Fund - SPSF Drivers Training – SPSF						
Section II – Financial Statement Findings						

Finding 08-01

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES AT INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS

Criteria: Duties within a department or function should be separated so that one person does not perform processing from the beginning to the end of a process.

Condition: In the current school environment, there is a lack of segregation of duties and numerous instances of noncompliance with established school system procedures. Areas of non-compliance include segregation of duties over cash receipts, checks preparation not performed by employee independent of voucher approval and check signing duties, invoices not properly cancelled, and purchasing is not independent from receiving and accounting functions.

Effect: Many individual schools have a lack of segregation of duties at the school treasurer level that has created an environment that is more susceptible to innocent errors or fraud.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (continued)

Cause: Insufficient management oversight over the treasurer's function and a lack of personnel at the sites available to segregate duties properly.

Recommendation: Continued improvement of policies and enforcement of non-compliance with established policies.

Management Response: We share the concern over the lack of segregation of duties at the individual schools and have implemented several procedures to minimize this risk. The treasurer can no longer be the first person to receipt cash or checks. All receipts flow through the teacher or a check log maintained by an individual other than the treasurer at the school. Principals are now required to sign monthly check and receipt registers. Numerous forms were updated to provide a clearer audit trail. We are also in the process of implementing a centralized version of the school software that will allow more oversight and easier auditing of this area. Unfortunately, current funding levels do not allow for additional financial staff at each school site.

Finding 08-02

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

CERTIFICATION OF FUNDS BEFORE BOARD APPROVAL

Criteria: Board Policy 8361 and R&P 8361 require that funds be certified before Board approval.

Condition: Services were performed in excess of the existing contract and invoices were paid after vendor terms of net 30 days.

Effect: Unnecessary finance charges were incurred.

Cause: This occurred because invoices were held by the department and not submitted for payment and management did not ensure that proper contract procedures were followed.

Recommendation: Procedures should be put in place to ensure that proper contract procedures are not exceeded.

Management Response: Management agrees with the finding. Our fiscal procedures have been revised to ensure this situation will not occur in the future. Funds are encumbered on a purchase order before a contract is routed. In addition, our fiscal administrator reviews all purchase orders to ensure funds are available. The contract is routed with the purchase order attached, showing funds have been encumbered. It is only after this process has been completed that a contract is submitted for Board approval. The complete packet, including the purchase order, the contract and the routing form is then submitted to the Board for approval.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 08-03

NON MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

N.C. Department of Public Instruction Program Name: State Public School Fund

Criteria: DPI allocates to LEA's a specific number of months of employment for classroom teachers, school building administration, instructional support and vocational education.

Condition: Wake County Schools exceed the months of employment in classroom teachers and instructional support.

Questioned Cost: \$565,419.52

Effect: Wake County Schools had to refund the State from the General Fund. This could have resulted in a budgetary problem in the General Fund.

Cause: Too many employees were paid from the State Fund.

Recommendation: Management should work on systems and/or processes to better comply with the requirement of not overspending the state allotments.

Management Response: In June, WCPSS must close our fiscal year in order to comply with reporting requirements for end-of-year financial data to NCDPI. The June payroll will typically post on a Friday in mid-June. The budget department then has two to three days to request changes to any transactions in order to make sure we have fully maximized our state programs. We must do these adjustments using the projection of the impact of the June payroll. The actual usage does not post to the state website until after the fiscal year is closed, and it is too late to then correct.

Our goal is to zero out state dollars and months of employment. If we err, it is best to "over" use the resources rather than leave a balance. If we "under" use the resources, we left state dollars unspent, and we used local funds to pay for things that could have been paid from the state budget. That is a double-cost to the system. If we "over" use the state allotments, the penalty is that we must pay back NCDPI from our local funds for the amount of the overage. This is a single-cost to the system for something that we would have paid from the local budget.

The compensation services department will pay back NCDPI for the number of months of overage. The costs will be paid from the local budget in 2008-09 for the 2007-08 overage. These audit costs, as well as other salary audit costs are paid from a specific program and level code. This allows us to track over time the net cost to the system for these issues.

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Finding 08-04

NON MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

N.C. Department of Public Instruction Program Name: State Public School Fund

Criteria: The North Carolina Department of Public Instruction requires LEA's to resolve over and under paid individuals.

Condition: Wake County Schools had unresolved over and under paid individuals as of June 30, 2008.

Questioned Cost: \$243,631.61

Effect: These salary exceptions are potentially due back to the State if they are not resolved in the School's favor.

Cause: Due to the large number of employees many salary exceptions are still unresolved at fiscal year end.

Recommendation: Management should work on systems and/or processes to better comply with the requirement to resolve over and under paid individuals.

Management Response: Management has plans to make a change in this process. The new process will automate the internal salary audit form and create an interface for reporting to the State's Budget Utilization and Development System (BUD). The turnaround time for clearing salary exception date will improve with the new process.

The original implementation schedule was fiscal year 2006-07. Due to state mandated requirements, the development of this process was reprioritized and will be completed at a future date.

Wake County Board of Education, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2008

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding 08-01

Name of contact person: Mark Winters

Corrective action: See "Management Response Section" in Section II - Financial Statement

Findings.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

Finding 08-02

Name of contact person: Mark Winters

Corrective action: See "Management Response Section" in Section II - Financial Statement

Findings.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 08-03

Name of contact person: Mark Winters

Corrective action: See "Management Response Section" in Section IV - State Award

Findings and Questioned Costs

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately

Finding 08-04

Name of contact person: Mark Winters

Corrective action: See "Management Response Section" in Section IV - State Award

Findings and Questioned Costs

Proposed Completion Date: As soon as possible

Wake County Board of Education, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2008

Finding: 07-01

Status: See current year finding 08-01

Finding: 07-02 Status: Corrected

Finding: 07-03 Status: Corrected

Finding: 07-04 Status: Corrected

Finding: 07-05 Status: Corrected

Finding: 07-06

Status: See current year finding 08-03

Finding: 07-07

Status: See current year finding 08-04

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number
FEDERAL GRANTS:		
U.S. Department of Education Passed through the N. C. Department of Public Instruction: I.A.S.A., Title I: Low Income	84.010	98-50-920
E.S.E.A., Title V - Innovative Education Programs	84.151	98-59-920
Special Education Cluster: Preschool Grant Grants to States Capacity Building Improvement Total Special Education Cluster	84.173 84.027 84.027	98-49-920 98-60-920 99-44-920
Vocational Education: Federal Tech Preparation	84.048	98-17-920
Drug Free Schools and Communities	84.186	98-48-920
Education for Homeless Children	84.196 84.318X	98-26-920 107
Educational Technology Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	107
Language Acquisition	84.365A	104
Title III Immigrant & Youth	84.365A	111
Title I - School Improvement	84.010A	105
IDEA VI B - Special Education State Improvement	84.323A	082
Emergency Impact Aid - IDEA	84.938C	114
Direct Programs:		
Indian Education Act	84.060A	310
Mentoring Program	84.184B	351
Project Quest	84.330C	357
Elementary Counseling	84.215E	359
Emergency Response	84.184E	347
Early Reading First	84.359 84.215L	329 330
Smaller Learning Communities Carol M White Physical Education	84.215L	332
NCSU Quest	84.376B	360
Magnet School	84.165A	317
Transition to Teaching Program	84.350A	346
Total U.S. Department of Education	S 11.5551 1	0.0
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.553 10.559	
Continued on Following Page		

		Revenues		Expenditures			
F	Program or	Grantor	Grantee	Grantor	Grantee		
Awa	rd Amount	Recognized	Contributions	Funded	Funded		
\$	21,730,286	\$ 15,178,829	\$ -	\$ 15,178,829	\$ -		
	180,620	175,424	-	175,424	-		
	530,904	504,332	-	504,332	_		
	23,934,559	23,944,541	-	23,944,541	-		
	317,840	301,731	-	301,731	-		
		24,750,604		24,750,604	_		
	1,288,937	1,250,878	-	1,250,878	-		
	432,478	459,223	-	459,223	-		
	66,890	47,060	-	47,060	-		
	431,337	191,353	-	191,353	-		
	4,351,575	3,093,795	-	3,093,795	-		
	1,330,456	1,298,650	-	1,298,650	-		
	837,473	153,383	-	153,383	-		
	352,677	111,504	-	111,504	-		
	60,000	25,780	-	25,780	-		
	239,868	231,127	-	231,127	-		
	39,289	39,226	-	39,226	-		
	134,773	83,360	-	83,360	-		
	507,487	327,422	-	327,422	-		
	741,778	278,304	-	278,304	-		
	201,456	158,389	-	158,389	-		
	116,658	84,857	-	84,857	-		
	46,312	38,218	-	38,218	-		
	394,430	321,729	-	321,729	-		
	86,820	61,564	-	61,564	-		
	3,582,151 598,621	1,038,751 378,158	-	1,038,751 378,158	-		
	000,021	49,777,588		49,777,588	_		
		.5,,550		,,			
	13,546,839	13,791,661	-	13,791,661	-		
	3,669,515	3,669,515	-	3,669,515	-		
	63,598	63,598		63,598	_		
		17,524,774		17,524,774			

WAKE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1	Continued)	
(Continued)	

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number
Passed through the N.C. Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution Program- Donated Commodities (Non-Cash Program)	10.550	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		
U.S. Department of Education - Impact Area Grants	84.041	
Corporation for National and Community Service - Learn and Serve America	94.004	00-64-920
Other Federal Assistance: U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program - ROTC	12.xxx	
U.S. Dept. of Health & Human ServicesPassed through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:Abstinence Education	93.235	98-57-920
Total Federal Assistance		
STATE GRANTS:		
N. C. Department of Public Instruction State Public School Fund Textbooks Technology Fund Vocational Education: Months of Employment Support Funds Drivers Training State Kindergarten Breakfast Project Enlightenment Financed Purchase of School Buses Reading/Language Development Preschool Literacy Training Professional Leave Funding Early Literacy Dropout Prevention		120 445 331 509 331 419
N. C. Department of Cultural Resources United Arts		452
N. C. Department of Cultural Resources LSAT School Library Collection Development		453
Office of the Governor Governor's Crime Commission: Helping Hands Middle School		442
Public School Capital Fund - Lottery - Passed through Wake County Public School Building Capital Fund - Passed through Wake County		
Total State Assistance		

Total State Assistance

TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Total Program or Award Amount

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

		Revenues		Revenues Expenditures	
Program or		Grantor	Grantee	Grantor	Grantee
Award Amount		Recognized	Contributions	Funded	Funded
		\$ 2,152,435	\$ -	\$ 2,152,435	\$ -
		19,677,209	-	19,677,209	-
\$	10,000	9,335	-	9,335	-
	14,017	13,980	-	13,980	-
	175,000	191,573	-	191,573	-
	104,931	85,161	-	85,161	_
		69,754,846	_	69,754,846	-
	662,989,031	649,433,239	-	649,433,239	-
	17,088,831	2,480,986	-	2,480,986	-
	3,416,035	3,416,035	-	3,416,035	-
	29,745,295	29,764,495	_	29,764,495	-
	2,158,896	1,972,110	-	1,972,110	-
	3,165,060	2,899,596	_	2,899,596	_
	46,342	32,582	_	32,582	_
	538,436	190,133	344,967	190,133	344,967
	1,398,800	1,398,800	-	1,398,800	-
	26,294	15,229	_	15,229	_
	42,989	44,873	-	44,873	-
	9,974	77,473	-	77,473	-
	-	(31,181)	-	-	-
	172,495	14,816	-	14,816	-
	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	-
	80,000	79,337	-	79,337	-
	25,500	12,930	-	12,930	-
	7,785,492 7,067,905	7,785,492 7,067,905	- -	7,785,492 7,067,905	- -
	. , -	706,664,850	344,967	706,696,031	344,967
		\$ 776,419,696	\$ 344,967	\$ 776,450,877	\$ 344,967
\$	815,872,933				

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards includes the federal and state grant activity of Wake County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the *North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2. Non-cash Assistance

Included in the amounts reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, Wake County Board of Education received non-cash assistance in the form of food commodities. Commodities with a fair value of \$2,152,435 were received during the year ended June 30, 2008. These commodities received were included in the determination of federal awards expended for the year ended June 30, 2008.